



## Suggested Actions

If there is a continuous blowdown system in place, consider installing a heat recovery system. If there is a noncontinuous blowdown system, then consider the option of converting it to a continuous blowdown system coupled with heat recovery.

## Resources

**U.S. Department of Energy**—DOE's software, the *Steam System Assessment Tool* and *Steam System Scoping Tool*, can help you evaluate and identify steam system improvements. In addition, refer to *Improving Steam System Performance: A Sourcebook for Industry* for more information on steam system efficiency opportunities.

Visit the BestPractices Web site at [www.eere.energy.gov/industry/bestpractices](http://www.eere.energy.gov/industry/bestpractices) to access these and many other industrial efficiency resources and information on training.

## Recover Heat from Boiler Blowdown

Heat can be recovered from boiler blowdown by using a heat exchanger to preheat boiler makeup water. Any boiler with continuous blowdown exceeding 5% of the steam rate is a good candidate for the introduction of blowdown waste heat recovery. Larger energy savings occur with high-pressure boilers. The following table shows the potential for heat recovery from boiler blowdown.

Blowdown Rate, % Boiler Feedwater	Heat Recovered, Million Btu per hour (MMBtu/hr)				
	Steam Pressure, psig				
	50	100	150	250	300
2	0.45	0.5	0.55	0.65	0.65
4	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.3
6	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.9	2.0
8	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.6	2.7
10	2.2	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.3
20	4.4	5.0	5.6	6.4	6.6

Based on a steam production rate of 100,000 pounds per hour, 60°F makeup water, and 90% heat recovery.

## Example

In a plant where the fuel cost is \$8.00 per million Btu (\$8.00/MMBtu), a continuous blowdown rate of 3,200 pounds per hour (lb/hr) is maintained to avoid the buildup of high concentrations of dissolved solids. What are the annual savings if a makeup water heat exchanger is installed that recovers 90% of the blowdown energy losses? The 80% efficient boiler produces 50,000 pounds per hour (lb/hr) of 150-pounds-per-square-inch-gauge (psig) steam. It operates for 8,000 hours per year. The blowdown ratio is:

$$\text{Blowdown Ratio} = \frac{3,200}{3,200 + 50,000} = 6.0\%$$

From the table, the heat recoverable corresponding to a 6% blowdown ratio with a 150-psig boiler operating pressure is 1.7 MMBtu/hr. Since the table is based on a steam production rate of 100,000 lb/hr, the annual savings for this plant are:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Annual Energy Savings} &= [1.7 \text{ MMBtu/hr} \times (50,000 \text{ lb/hr} / 100,000 \text{ lb/hr}) \times 8,000 \text{ hr/yr}] / 0.80 \\ &= \mathbf{8,500 \text{ MMBtu}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Annual Cost Savings} &= \mathbf{8,500 \text{ MMBtu/yr} \times \$8.00/\text{MMBtu}} \\ &= \mathbf{\$68,000} \end{aligned}$$

## Blowdown Energy Recovery

Blowdown waste heat can be recovered with a heat exchanger, a flash tank, or flash tank in combination with a heat exchanger. Lowering the pressure in a flash tank



allows a portion of the blowdown to be converted into low-pressure steam. This low-pressure steam is most typically used in deaerators. Drain water from the flash tank is then routed through a heat exchanger. Cooling the blowdown has the additional advantage of helping to comply with local codes limiting the discharge of high-temperature liquids into the sewer system.

*Adapted from an Energy TIPS fact sheet that was originally published by the Industrial Energy Extension Service of Georgia Tech.*

BestPractices is part of the Industrial Technologies Program Industries of the Future strategy, which helps the country's most energy-intensive industries improve their competitiveness. BestPractices brings together emerging technologies and best energy-management practices to help companies begin improving energy efficiency, environmental performance, and productivity right now.

BestPractices emphasizes plant systems, where significant efficiency improvements and savings can be achieved. Industry gains easy access to near-term and long-term solutions for improving the performance of motor, steam, compressed air, and process heating systems. In addition, the Industrial Assessment Centers provide comprehensive industrial energy evaluations to small- and medium-size manufacturers.

**FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION,  
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