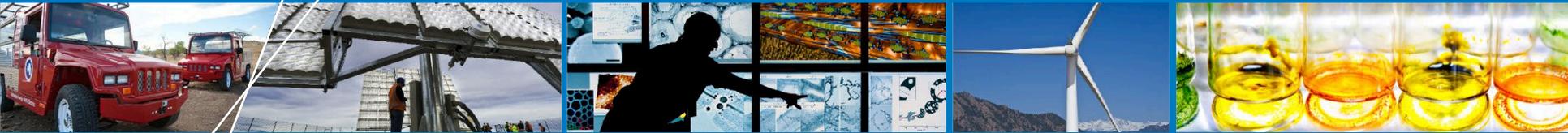


Review of the dWind Model Conceptual Results



Ian Baring-Gould
Michael Gleason
Robert Preus
Ben Sigrin

WINDEXchange Webinar - September 16, 2015

What Is This Model?

- **This model simulates consumer purchase decisions based on economics and consumer behavior.**
- **It models large consumer populations on a statistical basis, applied to high-resolution wind data.**
- **It is not a siting tool and covers only distributed wind (DW) associated with a customer load.**
 - Community wind is not covered.
 - Wind gardens are not covered.
 - Of 842 MW of DW, 45% is behind the meter.
- **Permitting and zoning barriers are not directly modeled.**
 - Population density is used as a proxy for siting exclusions and height restrictions.

Purpose/Background

- **Simulate DW market growth through 2050**
 - Simulates customer purchase decisions
- **Explore market impacts of:**
 - Price changes
 - R&D improvements
 - Available incentives and net energy metering policies
 - Electricity rates and rate structure
 - Customer behavior.
- **Create a strategy for the future of DW**

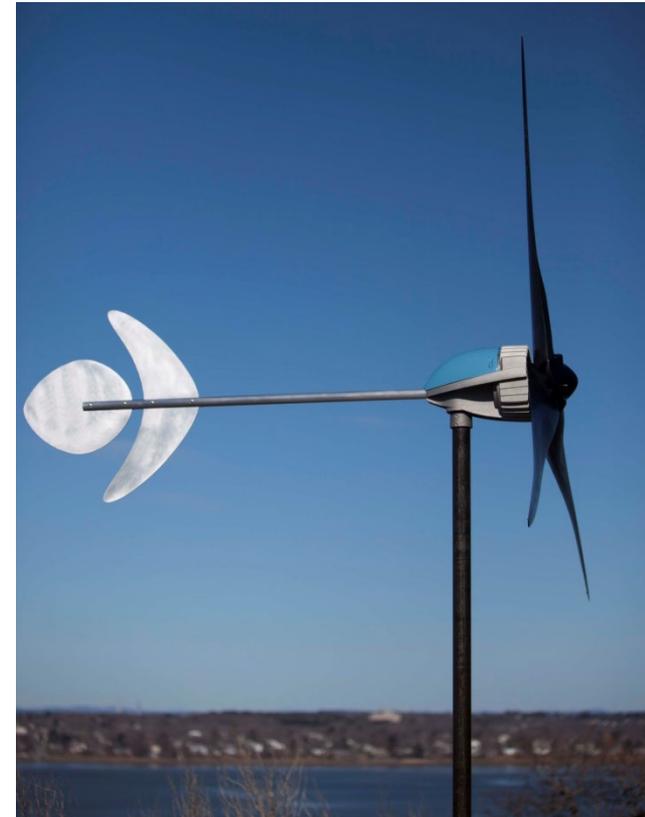


Photo by Pika Energy, Inc., NREL 31729

Status

Work to date has focused on model verification and defining the base case, not on scenario analysis. **We feel the model is performing as expected**, but we are still working to understand how changes in the input data are reflected in model output.

Recent improvements:

- Incorporated utility rate structures and expanded siting considerations
- Updated financing assumptions based on industry-solicited input
- Aligned payback period and cash flow calculations with solar model
- Updated wind turbine performance curves
- Identified initial sensitivities simulations
 - Cost, financing, performance, and parcel size limits
- Completing reference and sensitivity studies and detailed overview of specific model components.



Draft Reference Case Assessment and Results



Photo by Evan Osler, NREL 14660

Preliminary Results

- **Initial draft results have been primarily for model validation.**
- **Reference case still needs internal and industry vetting.**
- **Primary open issues for reference case:**
 - Assumptions on incentives
 - Technology cost reductions
 - Financial assumptions.

Reference Case Assumptions

Contiguous United States for residential, commercial, and industrial markets:

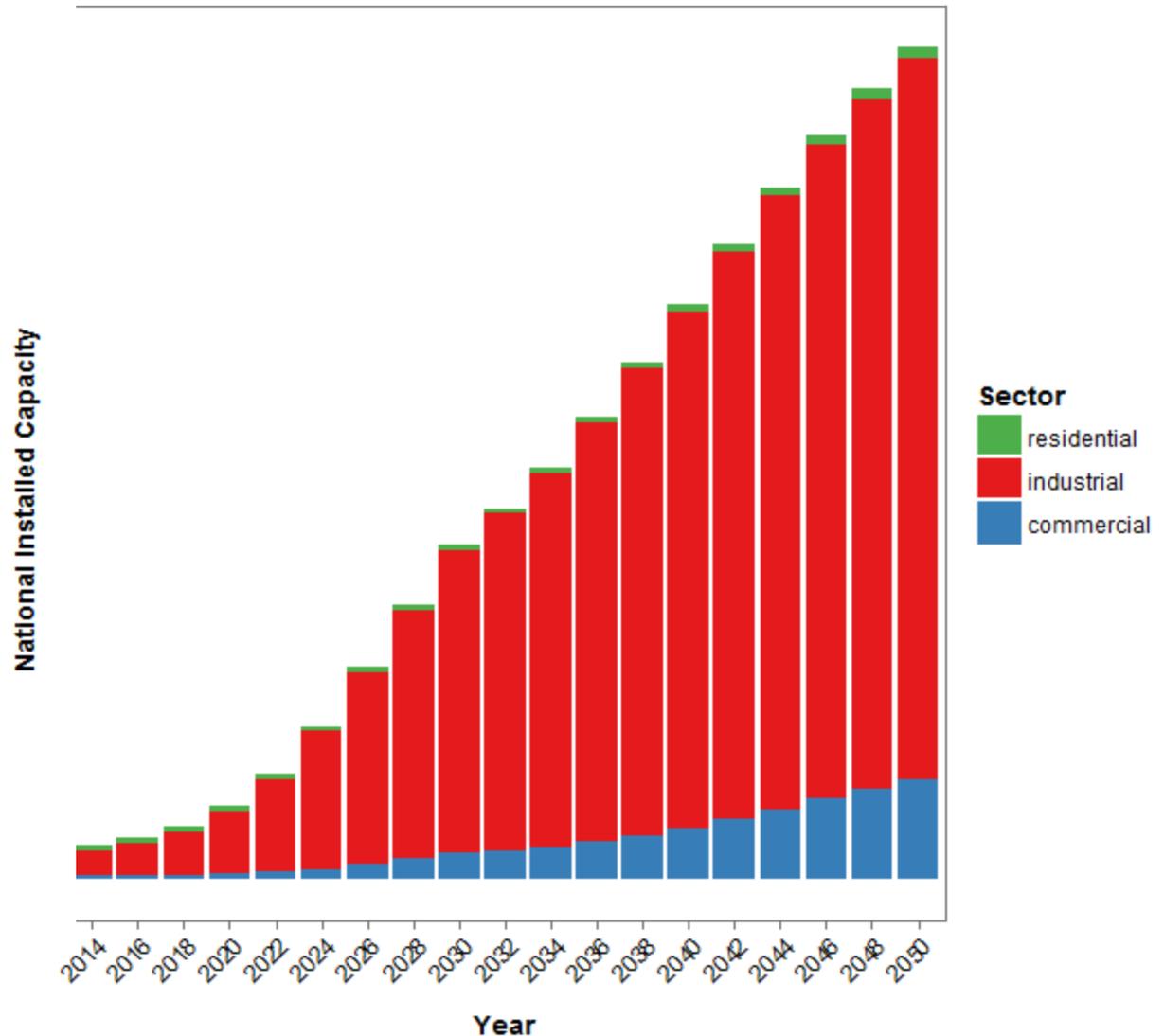
- **Installed costs:** Adapted from Distributed Wind Market Report, other PNNL data, and detailed feedback from industry partners
- Load growth: AEO2015 Reference Case
- Rate structures: Complex rates based on URDB
- Rate escalations: AEO2015 with continued growth after 2040
- Net metering: Current policy – incorporated in most states with generally low limits but all net metering expires when defined or by 2030
- **Incentives:** Based on 2013 DSIRE data; ITC expires in 2016; state incentives expire when specified or in 2024
- Carbon price: None
- Siting: High-resolution tree cover, population density, and lot size data incorporated
- Performance improvement: Projected BAU improvements, being vetted with industry
- **Finance:** Fairly liberal, based on solar base assumptions; host-owned and third-party ownership allowed.

Notes:

- Utility rate escalations do not include EPA Climate Plan impact
- Reference model information for Alaska and Hawaii has not been developed.

Collative Installed Capacity

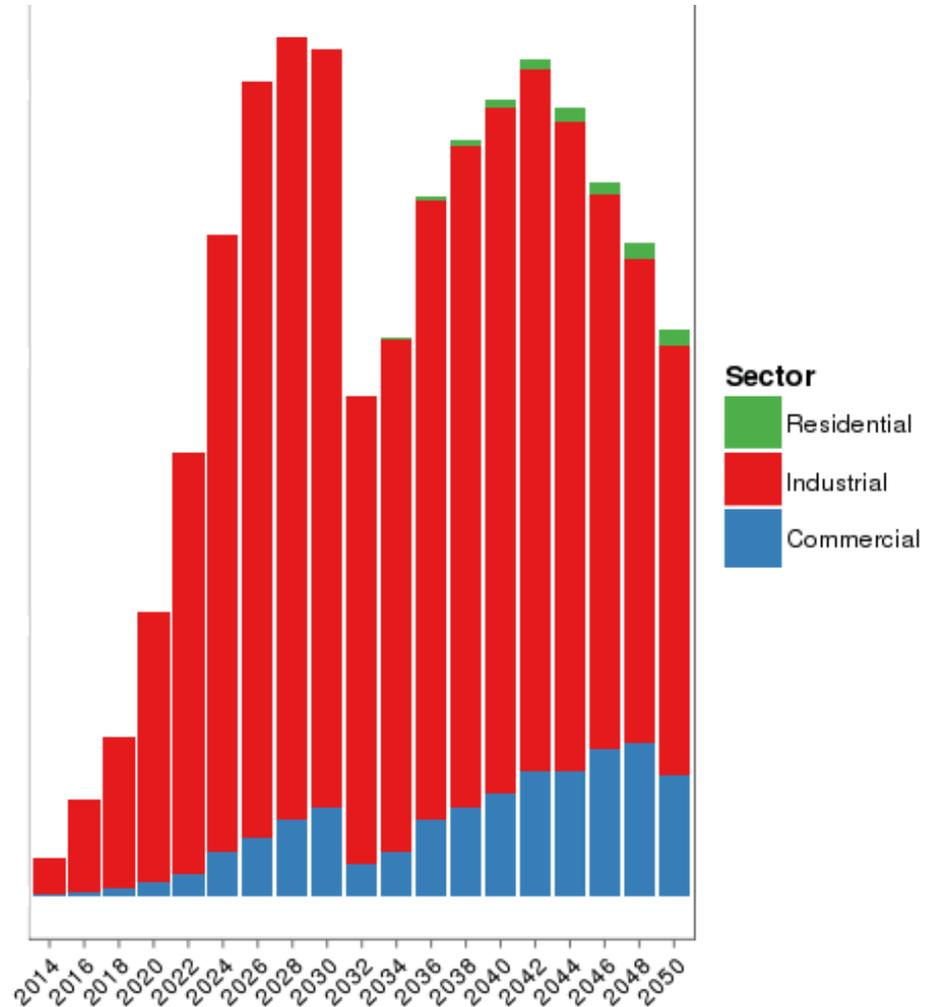
Largest growth is in the industrial sector – typically using larger turbines – with growth in commercial and residential as market economics improve.



Annual Deployments

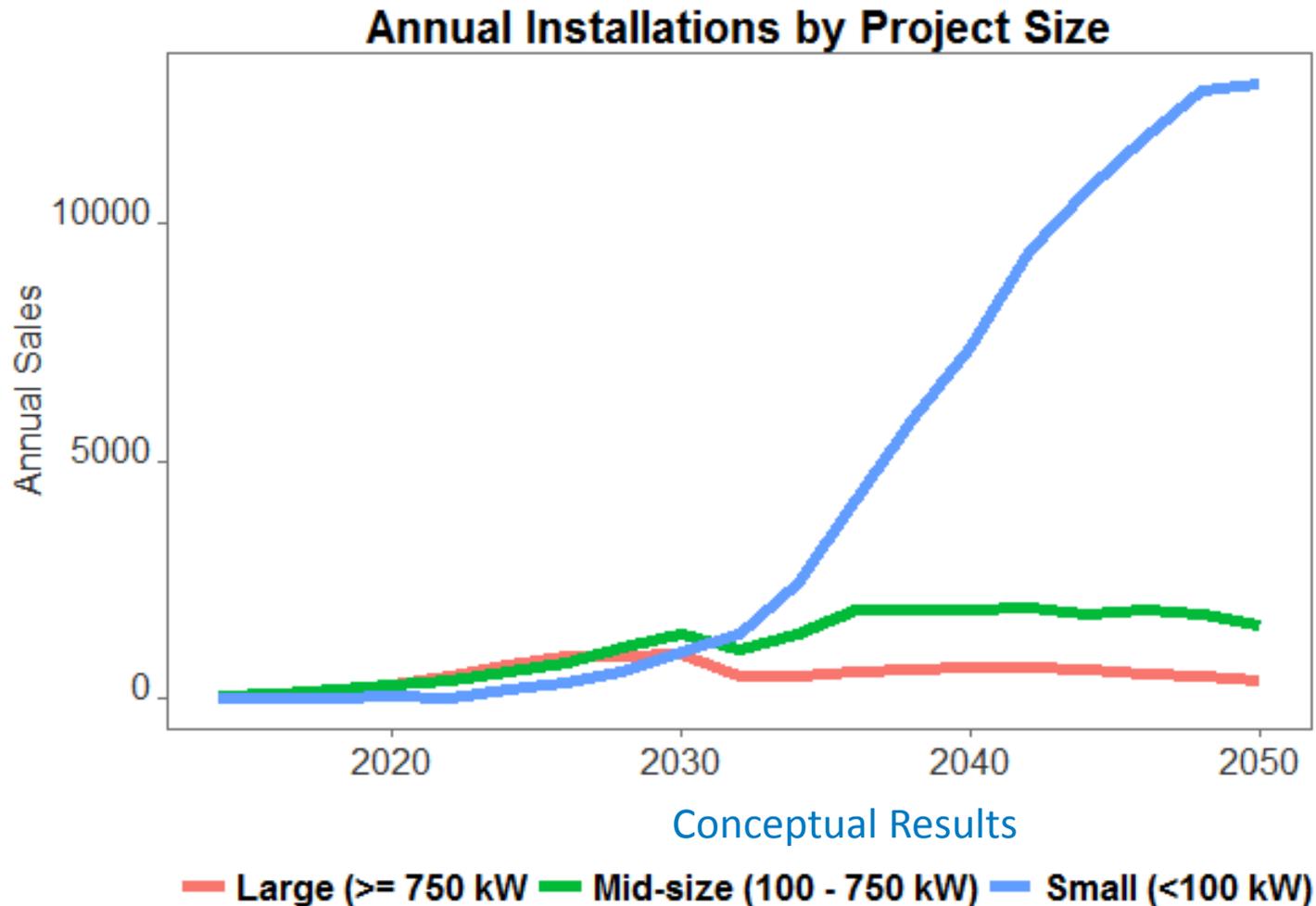
Initial market development driven by policy and incentives

- ITC has little impact because it ends in 2016
- State incentives cap out in 2024 – top off curve
- Pull back due to the expiration of net metering in 2030
- Higher costs of power kicking in ~2030 cause market to rebound through 2040
- Lack of technology improvement post-2040 cause the roll off as the best sites are built

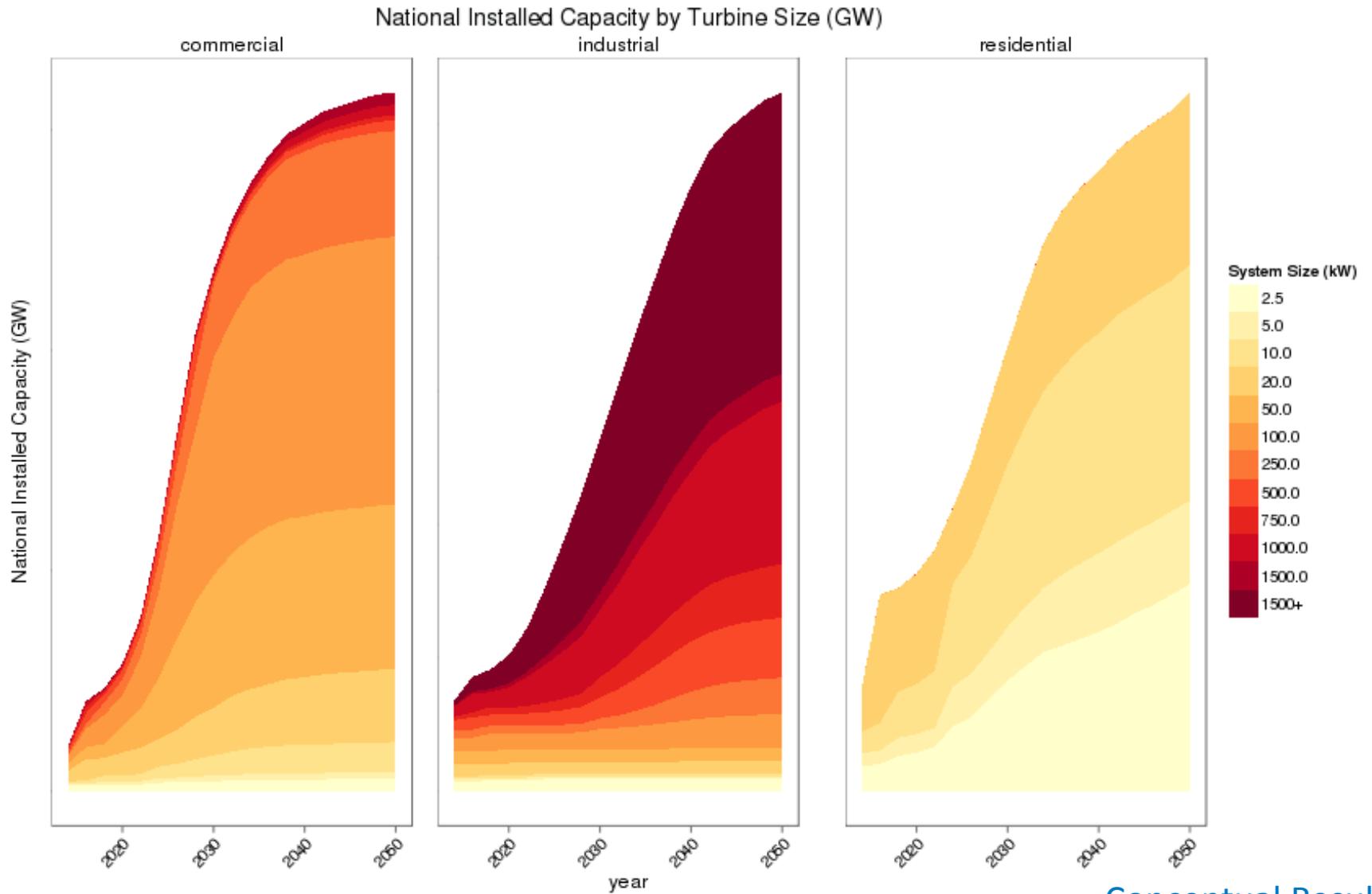


Conceptual Results

Annual Turbine Sales



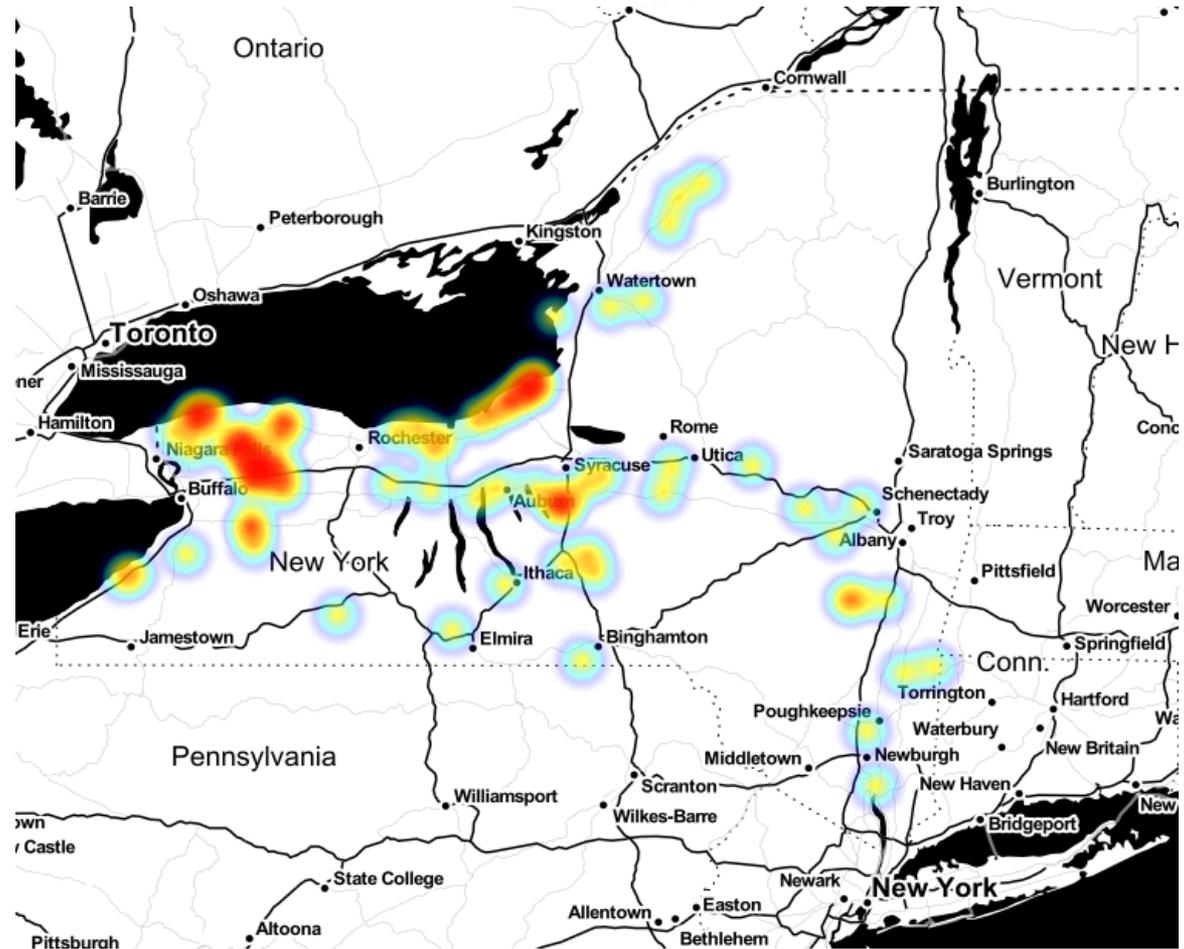
Cumulative Installed Capacity by System Size



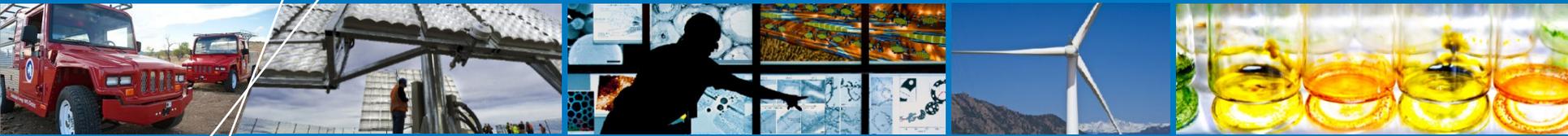
Conceptual Results

Model Outputs: State Heat Maps

Heat maps of potential markets can help identify areas with better project dynamics.



Conceptual Results



What's Next

What's Next

- **Finalize reference case and initial sensitivity analysis (next few weeks)**
- **Review with industry (next few weeks)**
- **Publish summary results (October)**
- **Define market scenarios (November)**
- **Publish model documentation (December)**
- **Publish market scenarios (Winter)**
- **Additional analysis as appropriate (Spring)**
- **Develop DW strategy with industry and DOE (FY17)**

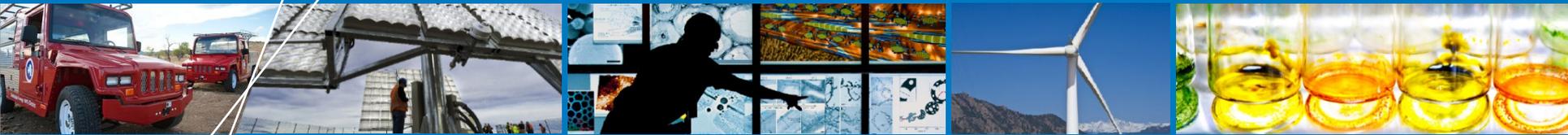
Thank You

NREL's contributions to this presentation were funded by the Wind and Water Power Program, Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, the U.S. Department of Energy under contract No. DE-AC02-05CH11231.

We would like to thank all who provided input from the distributed wind industry, Distributed Wind Energy Association, and Pacific Northwest National Laboratory.

The authors are solely responsible for any omissions or errors contained herein.

Questions



Ian Baring-Gould: Ian.Baring-Gould@nrel.gov

Mike Gleason: Michael.Gleason@nrel.gov

Robert Preus: Robert.Preus@nrel.gov

Ben Sigrin: Benjamin.Sigrin@nrel.gov