

Vehicle Modeling & Data Analysis: Transportation Secure Data Center (TSDC), FleetDNA and the Future Automotive Systems Technology Simulator (FASTSim)

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RELEVANCE

- Relevant EEMS Program Strategic Goals*
 - Develop tools, techniques, and core capabilities
 - Share research insights and capabilities with stakeholders
- Addressing EEMS Program Barriers*
 - Difficultly sourcing real-world data on vehicles and travelers in the transportation system – access to historic and present-day data is critical for real-world scenario evaluation and for model validation and calibration
 - Difficultly accurately modeling large-scale systems and comprehensive scenarios – an agile vehicle model that integrates captures the most important factors impacting energy consumption enables cost effective exploration of wide-ranging scenarios and rapid, open-source/reusable application to large-scale real-world travel data (by anyone)
 - Need for tools/techniques/insights at vehicle, traveler and system level, and sharing these – the data and models are free of license costs and 3rd party software requirements, and are available through NREL's website (along with many publications by researchers who have used them).

*Anderson, David. "Energy Efficient Mobility Systems: EEMS Program Vision, Mission, Goals & Barriers." Slide presentation of information for EEMS Program Annual Meet. Review Presenters: January 30, 2018.

OBJECTIVES & MILESTONES

- Objectives**
 - Work with partners to obtain and analyze real-world data for personal travel (in light-duty vehicles and other modes) and commercial vehicle travel behavior
 - Couple real-world travel insights with agile modeling to evaluate large-scale scenarios
 - Long-running NREL competency; additionally applicable to off-cycle credits analysis
 - Make research insights openly available, along with supporting data and tools
 - Enable independent replication and extension of research by external stakeholders.

SUMMARY

Date	Milestone/Event/Status	Status
Quarterly	Quarterly progress updates	Ongoing/Planning
March 2018	Report on enhancements to the Public Automotive System Technology Interface (PASTSI) and data updates to the Transportation Secure Data Center (TSDC).	Complete
October 2016	Annual Report on Vehicle Technology Evaluations and Fleet DNA	On-track

- TSDC, Fleet DNA, and FASTSim are valuable EEMS resources
- Real-world data and analysis capabilities for assessing present-day and potential future vehicle/traveler/transport energy consumption and performance
- Accessible to lab and external researchers
- Emphasis on maximizing data/information accessibility within constraints of protecting individual privacy and commercially sensitive data
- Open source, and free of license costs and 3rd party software expenses
- Combination of resources enables agile, large-scale evaluations
- Emphasis on validation and real-world data for credibility
- Focus on most influential effects and fidelity needed for a given task → facilitating broad, cost-effective scenario evaluations
- Numerous application examples, including:
 - With DOE for advanced powertrain, connected/automated vehicle, and alternative fueling infrastructure evaluations
 - With industry partners for impact assessments of off-cycle technology and alternative powertrain design scenarios.

TSDC

APPROACH

TSDC was established in 2009 because of increasing collection of **high-resolution travel data** (e.g., GPS trajectories, geocoded trip ending) in surveys/studies

- Jointly supported by DOT FHWA and DOE VTO
- Data are very valuable for energy and travel research, but require careful vetting of individual privacy.

Secure data center makes data available for legitimate research while preserving privacy of participants

- Maximizes value from limited public funds
- Benefits data providers and users
- Alleviates burden of archiving data and responding to data requests
- Data accessible from a central location.

TSDC operating procedures include

- Public website** for downloading cleaned data sets
- Secure portal** for approved users to work with detailed spatial data
- Advisory committee to support oversight, setting procedures, and reviewing data access applications.

DOT: U.S. Department of Transportation
FHWA: Federal Highway Administration
GPS: global positioning system
VTO: Vehicle Technologies Office

ACCOMPLISHMENTS: TSDC DATA SETS AND WEB ACCESS

Chained Data
Spatial Data

- TSDC continues to see substantial growth in the number of external users accessing the resource
- Access to the data enabled publication of ~30 research papers in 2017 alone
- Relevant research applications include:
 - Real-world driving and parking profiles used to inform siting of charging infrastructure for potential future electricized vehicle market penetration scenarios
 - Analyzing prevalence of driving conditions detrimental to vehicle emissions control (in collaboration with industry partners).

FleetDNA

APPROACH

Fleet DNA was established in 2012 to:

- Capture and quantify drive cycle and technology variations for the multitude of medium- and heavy-duty vocations
- Provide a common data storage warehouse for medium- and heavy-duty vehicle fleet data across DOE activities and partners
- Integrate existing DOE tools, models, and analyses to provide data-driven decision making capabilities.

Fleet DNA operating procedures include:

- Public website** for downloading aggregated duty cycle statistics by vehicle vocation and weight class
- Secure database** for storage and protection of raw data
- Fusion of data** with other data sets—chassis dynamometer, road network, road grade, vocations, vehicle specifications, vehicle registration data
- Integration with analysis tools** – FASTSim, DRIVE
- Advanced analytics** and high-performance computing

Applications and new data sources in partnership with industry, government, and research partners.

DRIVE: Drive-Cycle Rapid Investigation, Visualization, & Evaluation tool

ACCOMPLISHMENTS: FLEET DNA DATA AND ANALYSIS

Fleet DNA features 11.5 million miles of 1-Hz engine controller area network, GPS, and component data from 1,700 vocational vehicles operated by fleet partners—UPS, FedEx, Coke, Frito-Lay, Fossil, Transit, PG&E, Verizon, Walmart, Waste Management, Port of Long Beach, and more.

- NREL has applied multi-variate data analysis, data fusion, and visualization techniques—such as principal component analysis and hierarchical clustering—to assist industry partners in optimizing advanced powertrains.
- Fleet DNA helps users understand the broad operational range of commercial vehicles across vocations, technologies, and weight classes.
- Data-driven insight and decision-making capabilities facilitated by Fleet DNA support a variety of DOE research activities and industry partnerships.

Recent industry partners: Cummins, PACCAR, Peterbilt, Ford, GM, Proterra, Navistar, Eaton, Allison, Bosch, Delphi, Smith EV, BAE Systems, Efficient Driveshafts, Brossman, TransPower, Blue Bird, ORNL, EPA, ARB, SCAQMD, and TARDEC.

FASTSim

APPROACH

FASTSim balances accuracy vs. complexity

- Model captures most important factors influencing vehicle fuel economy, performance, and cost (including powertrain technology, vehicle and component sizes, how the vehicle is driven, etc.)

FASTSim itself occupies a continuum, varying the accuracy vs. complexity tradeoffs

Level of Modeling	Strengths	Limitations
Default: Power vs. Efficiency maps for each component	Fuel cell calibration requires small amount of public vehicle information	Calibration most important factors for high-level comparisons, but lacks ability to forecast behavior for a specific vehicle
More detailed: based on component power maps for modeled vehicle	Provides more precise model of specific vehicles	Larger calibration burden requires detailed component-level data from manufacturer or testing
Vehicle-specific component calibration	Provides more precise model of specific vehicles	Further increases calibration burden

Potential Extensions for Targeted Investigations:

- Temperature dependent
- Temp vs. speed de-rating
- Stall schedules
- Full vehicle

ACCOMPLISHMENTS: FASTSim VALIDATION AND RESOURCE AVAILABILITY

- Website: Excel and Python versions available for download (free & open source)
- FASTSim Validation report, and additional publications using the tool
- Interactive demo development and starter code
- Summary fact sheet.

FASTSim: Future Automotive Systems Technology Simulator

The FASTSim Architecture System is a technology simulator (FASTSim) that enables a user to model a vehicle or system with various levels of fidelity. The model can be used to analyze the impact of technology on energy, emissions, and other metrics. The FASTSim Architecture System is a multi-scale modeling tool that enables users to model a vehicle or system with various levels of fidelity. The model can be used to analyze the impact of technology on energy, emissions, and other metrics.

Example Application Accomplishments

MEDIUM-DUTY RANGE-EXTENDED ELECTRIC VEHICLES

- Leveraging Fleet DNA data to characterize real-world duty cycles from urban delivery vocations, NREL applied the k-medoid clustering algorithm to segment in-use driving profiles into operational modes and developed representative drive cycles for various modes using the DRIVE tool
- NREL developed analytical methods to incorporate other parameters, such as road grade and idle time, into drive cycles.
- NREL's drive cycles are being used to size drivetrain components to meet performance requirements and validate performance later to program objectives.
- NREL's reusable methodology has been applied in a range of vehicle vocations, including Class 8 daycab trucks at the Port of Long Beach.

REAL-WORLD DRIVE CYCLE DEVELOPMENT AND APPLICATIONS

- NREL's DRIVE tool uses GPS and controller area network data to characterize vehicle operation and produce statistically representative drive cycles based on real-world activity.
- DRIVE analyses cover 168 unique drive cycles to generate statistically representative drive cycles from "ideal" sections of filtered data using sophisticated statistical clustering methods.
- The Drive Cycle Analysis Tool (DriveCAT) provides an inventory of downloadable vocational drive cycles for use by industry and researchers.

DRIVECAT enables where industry standard and NREL-developed drive cycles can be downloaded

COMBINED FASTSIM AND TSDC/FLEETDNA APPLICATION EXAMPLES

- Segmentation and analysis of vehicle speed profiles in different driving conditions, and simulation for different vehicle/powertrain types
- Used to train energy estimation modeling for green routing and aggregate "off-cycle" technology impact assessments, including for connected and automated vehicles
- Large-scale screening of prospective vehicle dynamics and powertrain control strategies prior to implementation by major automakers
- Opportunity assessment for commercial vehicle electrification
 - Worked with multiple industry partners to optimize hybrid electric vehicle, electric vehicle, and range-extended electric vehicle powertrain requirements using FASTSim models simulated across a distribution of real-world vocational drive cycles and operational modes from Fleet DNA.

REMAINING CHALLENGES & BARRIERS + PROPOSED FUTURE RESEARCH ADDRESSING THEM

- New technologies & mode options will change travel behavior
 - Propose identification, collection, and inclusion of new/on-going data in TSDC and Fleet DNA capturing these changes as they occur
 - New sources of travel data becoming available
 - Propose starting to include large-scale probe data from various sources as a complement to the current dedicated individual vehicle/traveler data collection
 - Research effectiveness constrained by footwear updates
 - Propose pushing out updates to benefit all resource users, e.g.:
 - For TSDC and Fleet DNA – access to enhanced computational resources in addition to data
 - For FASTSim – updating with latest available vehicle models, and making retrain process feature enhancements broadly available (such as models of entire light-duty fleet, generalizing real-world thermal effects and impacts of latest technology enhancements on engines and other components)
- Any proposed future work is subject to change based on funding levels.

COORDINATION AND COORDINATION WITH OTHER INSTITUTIONS

- The organizations listed below, along with university/lab researchers and others, include partners for obtaining data and consumers of data, insights, and capabilities provided by the resources.
 - Collaboration/coordination partners and activities include (further details in back-up slides of the corresponding presentation):
 - DOT FHWA: Jointly support the TSDC with DOE VTO
 - Many MPOs and State DOTs: Contribute data from travel surveys and studies from their regions into the TSDC
 - Other federal/state/local agencies: Leverage the resources
 - Fleet Operators: Partner on vehicle instrumentation to collect use and performance data in specific applications; also consumers of data, insights, and capabilities provided by the resources
 - Manufacturers and Suppliers: Often support vehicle instrumentation; also consumers of data, insights, and capabilities provided by the resources
 - Implications of real-world demands on component design
 - Distribution of performance and efficiency at large scale
 - Estimating "off-cycle" technology benefits of driving conditions
 - Analyzing frequency of emissions-challenging driving conditions
- MPO = Metropolitan Planning Organization