

The Cost of Comfort in your Home: Energy and Cost Savings from Setpoint Adjustment of Space Heating and Cooling

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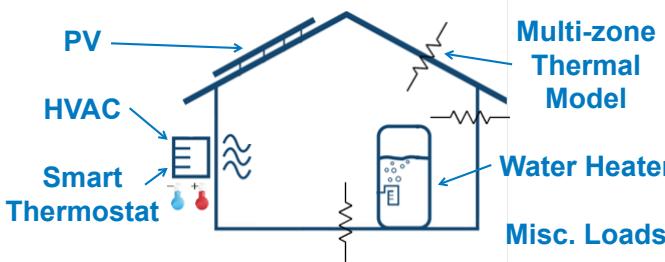
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Research Question

What impact does the HVAC thermostat setpoint have on energy and cost savings for a home?

Background

- HVAC accounts for over 30% of residential energy use (EIA)
- Thermal building models assess the impact of HVAC and other equipment on temperature and energy consumption

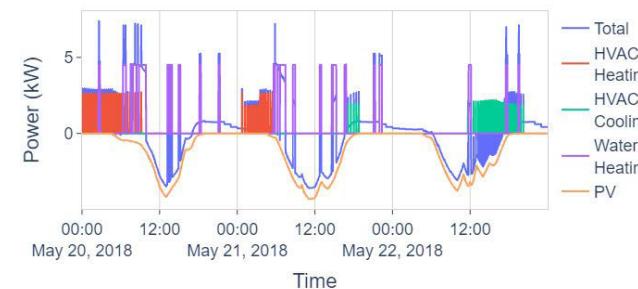
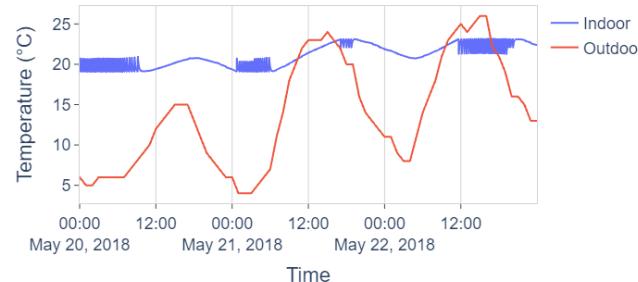


Simulation Methods

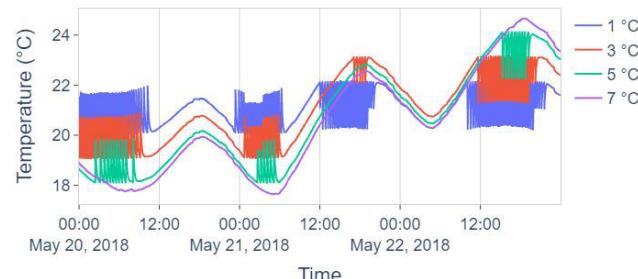
- Raised/lowered the cooling/heating setpoints to achieve a temperature difference of 1-7 degC
- Simulated 5 climate zones with local utility rates
- Code-compliant, 1900 sqft. single family homes
- Buildings include an air-source heat pump, electric water heater, PV, and other loads
- Used the Dwelling Object-Oriented Model
- Simulated for 1 year at 1-minute time resolution

Results

Sample Scenario

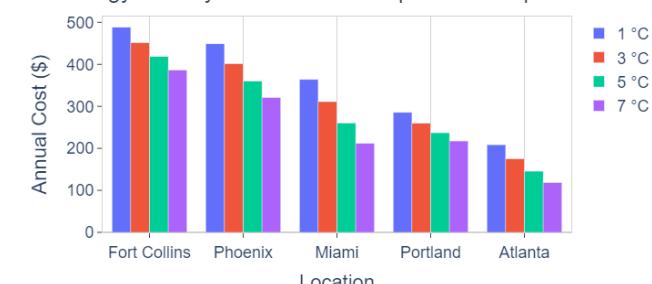


Indoor Temperature Comparison



Results

Energy Cost by Difference in Temperature Setpoint



Findings

- Adjusting the thermostat setpoint can lower energy costs by about \$100/year in all regions
- Climates with larger HVAC loads (hot and/or cold) tend to have more cost savings

Future Work

- Impacts on grid benefits, e.g. load flexibility and voltage regulation
- New and improved equipment models
 - Variable-speed HVAC equipment
 - Occupancy-based schedules
 - Electric vehicles
- Advanced control architectures
 - Home energy management systems
 - Distributed energy resource aggregators