



# Time Disciplined Non-PLL Active Synchronization for Grid Forming Inverters

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Toby Meyers

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# Project Breakdown

1. Grid Forming Inverters (GFMI) [1]
  - Critical to providing stability for weak systems (high percent GFLLI, microgrids, ...).
2. Active Synchronization [2]
  - With a DQ inverter, we can separate voltage and phase.
  - Phase is the key to synchronization.
3. Non-PLL [3] (Phase-Lock Loop)
  - PLLs are inaccurate in weak grids and computationally burdensome.
  - Solution is relying entirely on the internal clock and not the grid.
4. Time Disciplined [4]
  - With a reliance on phase, we need to have a solid phase reference.

# Metrics from Existing Standards

TABLE I  
IEEE 1547 RELEVANT METRICS [5]

Requirement	Limit	Section of IEEE 1547-2018
Absolute Voltage	0.7 - 1.1 PU	6.4
Absolute Frequency	58.5 - 61.2 Hz	6.5
ROCOF (Ride Through)	0.5 Hz/sec	6.5.2.5
Enter Service	0.917 - 1.05 PU Voltage 59.5 - 60.1 Hz	4.10.2
Reconnection Tolerances (with respect to the Grid)	0.1 Hz Frequency (59.9 - 60.1 Hz) 3% PU Voltage 10° phase	4.10.4
Initial Grid Synchronization	Maximum EPS Line Voltage 138% for <1 cycle	7.4

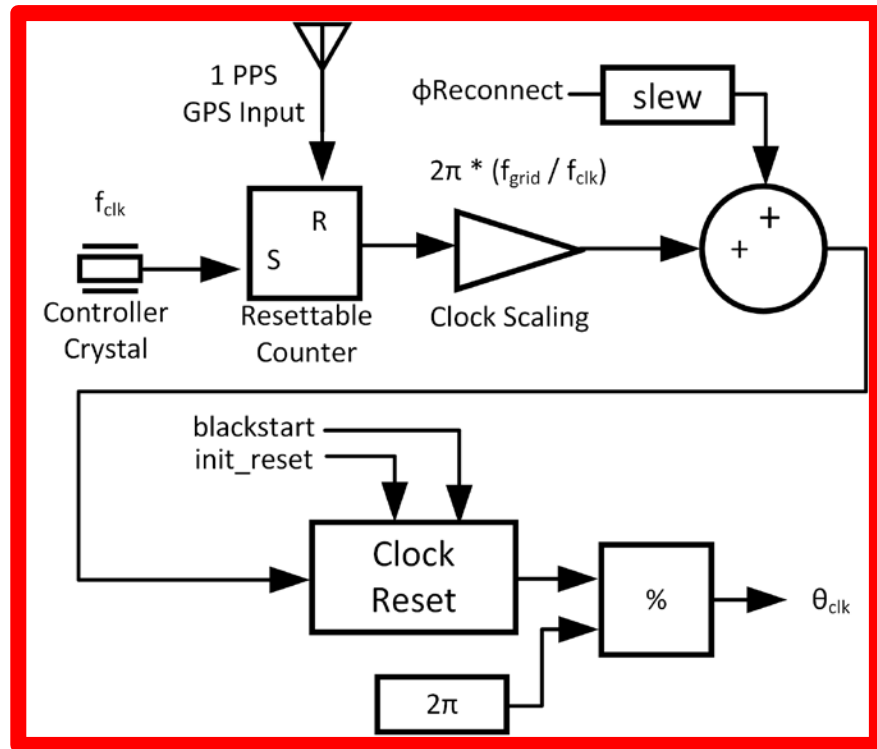
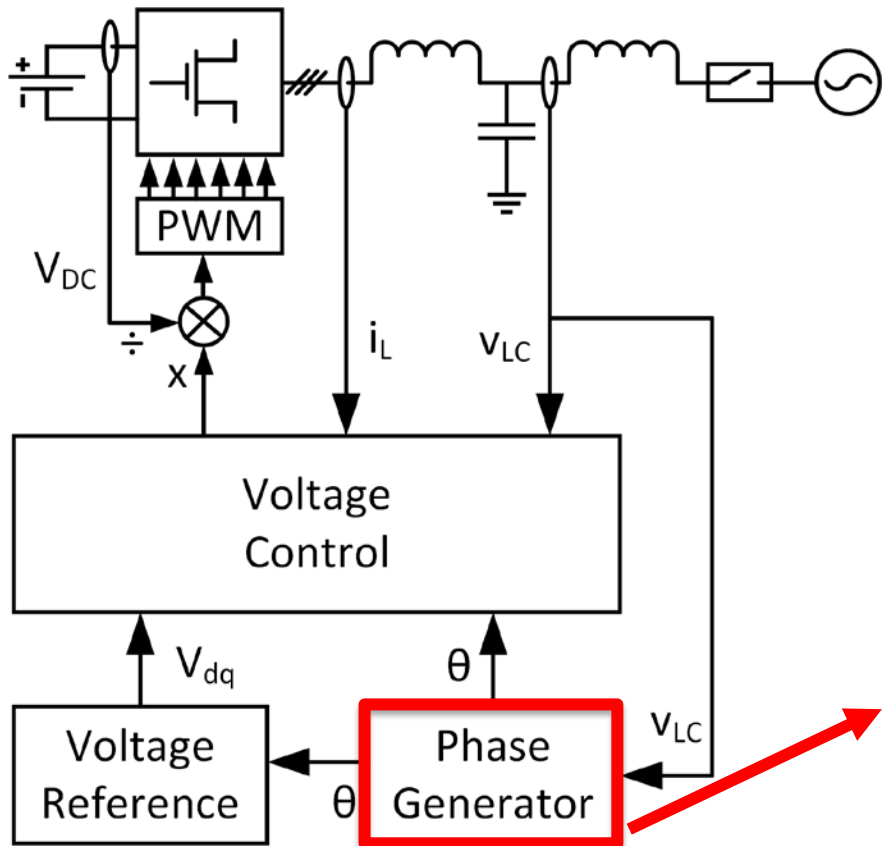
TABLE II  
IEEE 1547.4 MODE COMPARISON [6]

Framework Mode	IEEE 1547.4-2011 Mode	Section of IEEE 1547.4-2011
Reconnection Coordination	Reconnection Mode	4.4.4
Ride Through	Area EPS-connected Mode (normal parallel operation)	4.4.4
	Transition-to-Island Mode	4.4.2
	Island Mode	4.4.3

# Synchronization Modes

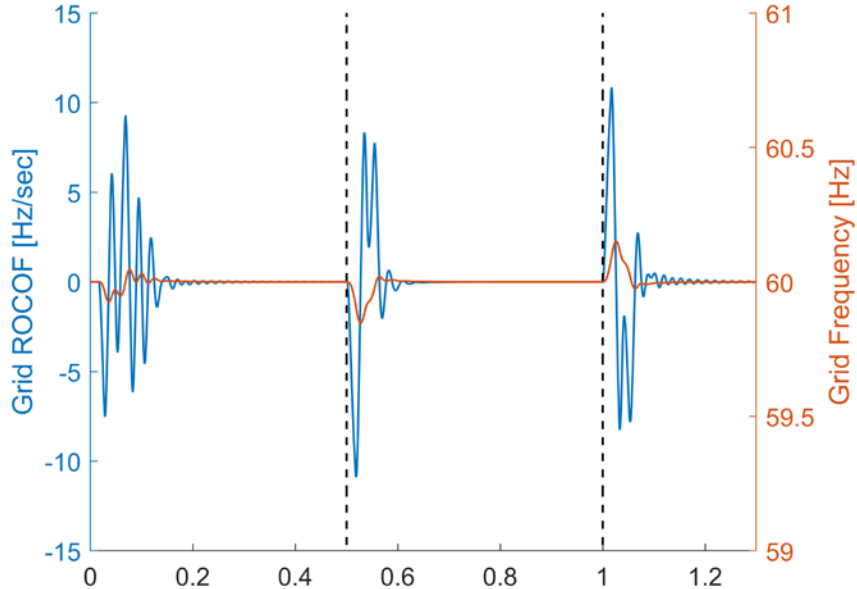


# Inverter Model

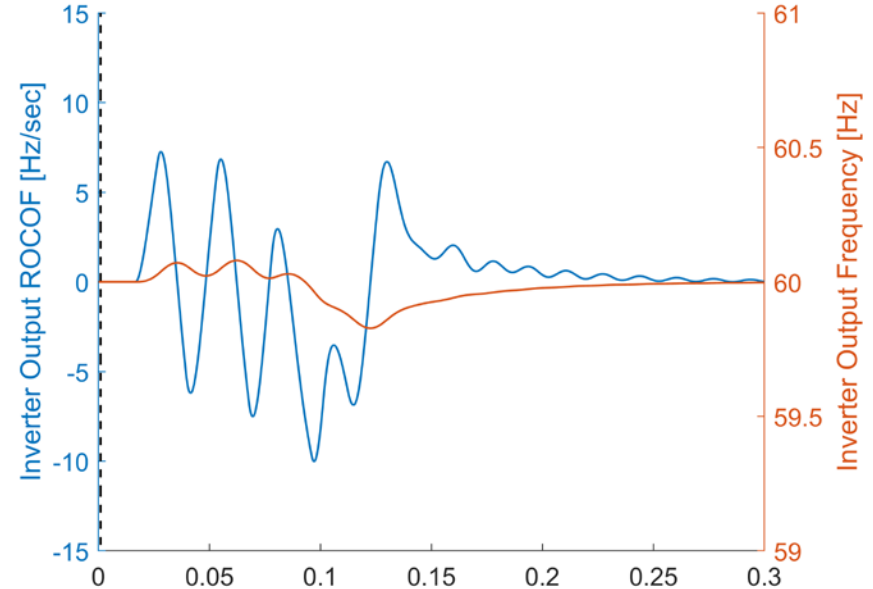


# Simulation Results – Frequency/ROCOF

Initialization, Islanding, Reconnection  
(Grid)



Blackstart  
(Inverter)



# Simulation Results – Summary Table

TABLE IV  
SIMULATION RESULTS SUMMARY

Category/Measurement	Min Frequency [Hz]	Max Frequency [Hz]	Min ROCOF [Hz/sec]	Max ROCOF [Hz/sec]
Initialization (Inverter)	59.79	60.18	-12.81	11.13
Initialization (Grid)	59.92	60.05	-7.523	9.278
Ride Through (Inverter)	59.56	60.01	-12.51	13.04
Ride Through (Grid)	59.85	60.02	-10.89	8.336
Reconnection (Inverter)	59.94	60.38	-13.02	12.52
Reconnection (Grid)	59.97	60.15	-8.252	10.85
Blackstart (Inverter)	59.83	60.08	-9.996	7.26

# References

- [1] P. Denholm, T. Mai, B. Kroposki, R. Kenyon, and M. O'Malley, Inertia and the Power Grid: A Guide Without the Spin. No. NREL/TP-6A20-73856, National Renewable Energy Laboratory, Golden, CO, May 2020.
- [2] J. Wang, A. Pratt, and M. Baggu, "Integrated synchronization control of grid-forming inverters for smooth microgrid transition," in 2019 IEEE Power and Energy Society General Meeting (IEEE PES GM), pp. 1–5, Aug. 2019.
- [3] J. Wang, B. Lundstrom, and A. Bernstein, "Design of a non-pll grid forming inverter for smooth microgrid transition operation," in 2020 IEEE Power and Energy Society General Meeting (IEEE PES GM), Aug. 2020.
- [4] M. S. Golsorkhi, M. Savaghebi, D. D. Lu, J. M. Guerrero, and J. C. Vasquez, "A GPS-based control framework for accurate current sharing and power quality improvement in microgrids," in IEEE Transactions on Power Electronics, vol. 32, pp. 5675–5687, July 2017.
- [5] "IEEE standard for interconnection and interoperability of distributed energy resources with associated electric power systems interfaces," IEEE Std. 1547-2018, Apr. 2018.
- [6] "IEEE guide for design, operation, and integration of distributed resource island systems with electric power systems," IEEE Std. 1547.4-2011, July 2011.



# Thank You

Toby.Meyers@nrel.gov

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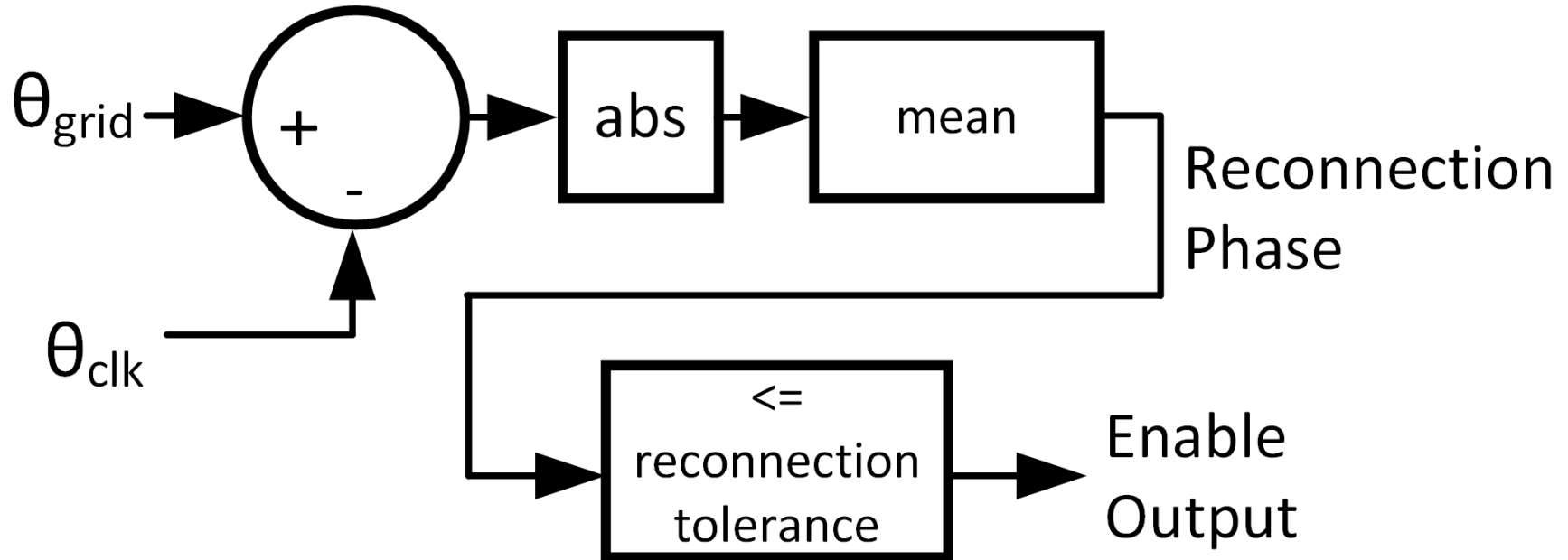
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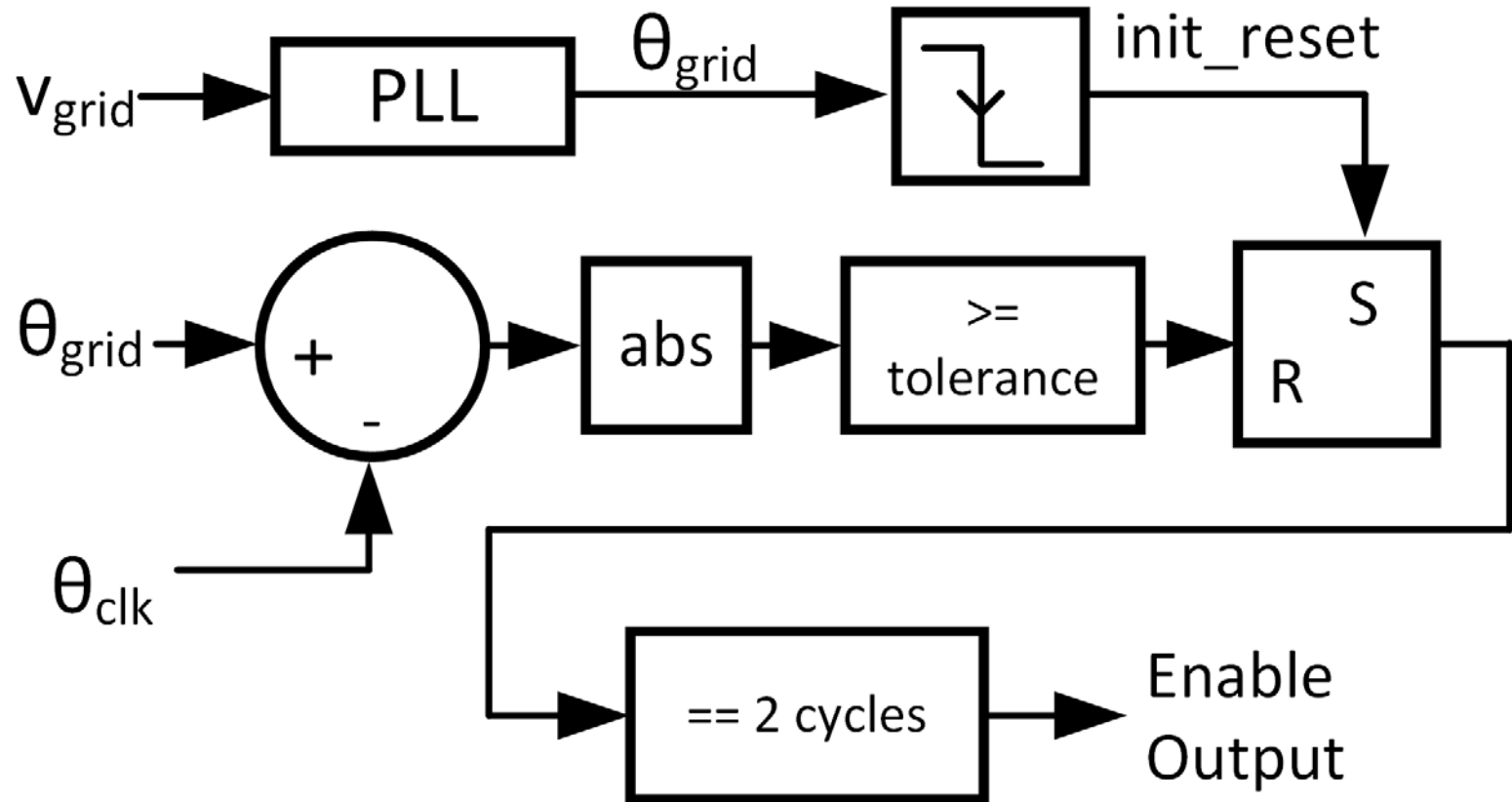


# Backup Slides

# Initialization Phase Generator

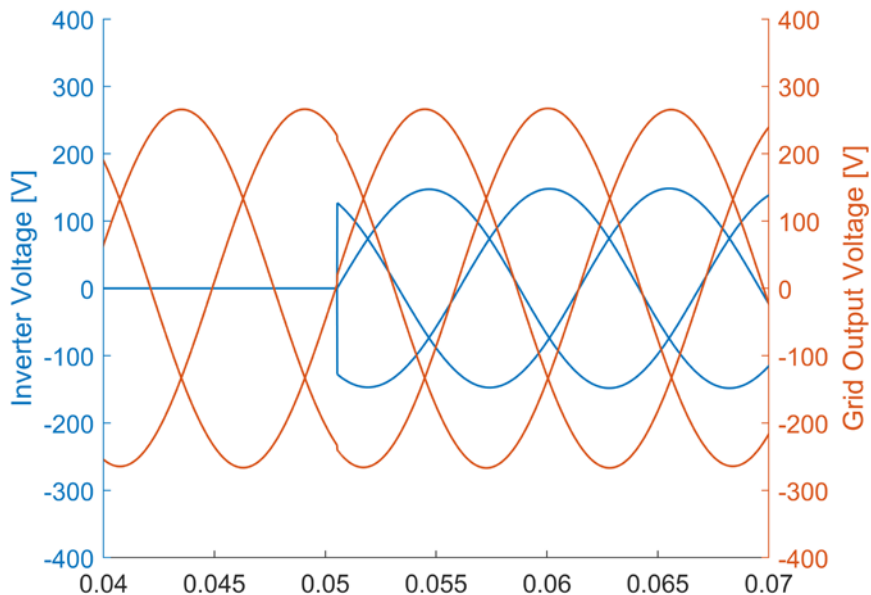


# Reconnection Phase Generator

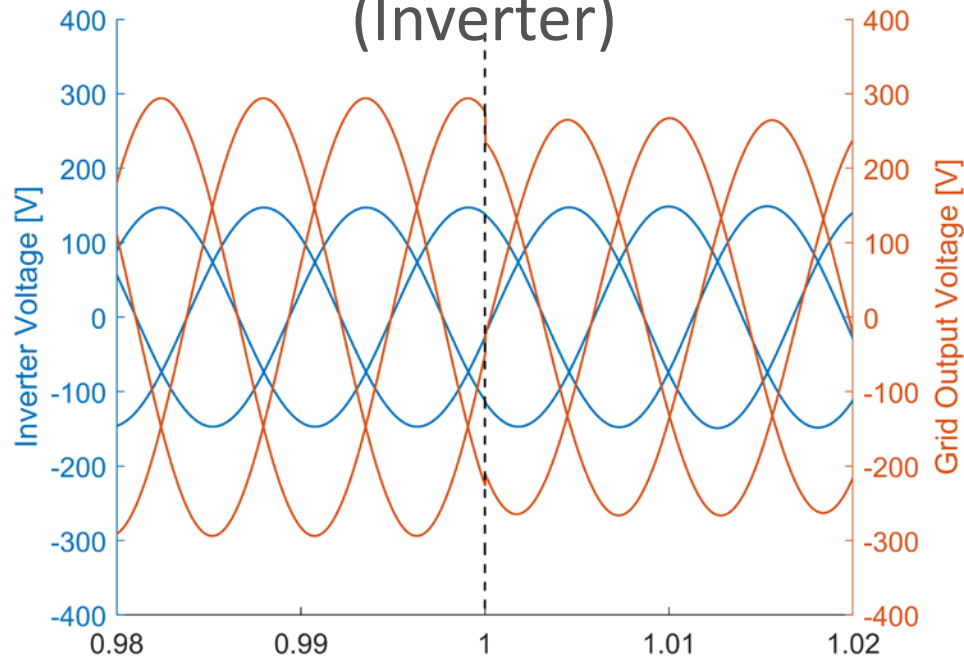


# Simulation Results - Voltages

## Initialization (Inverter)

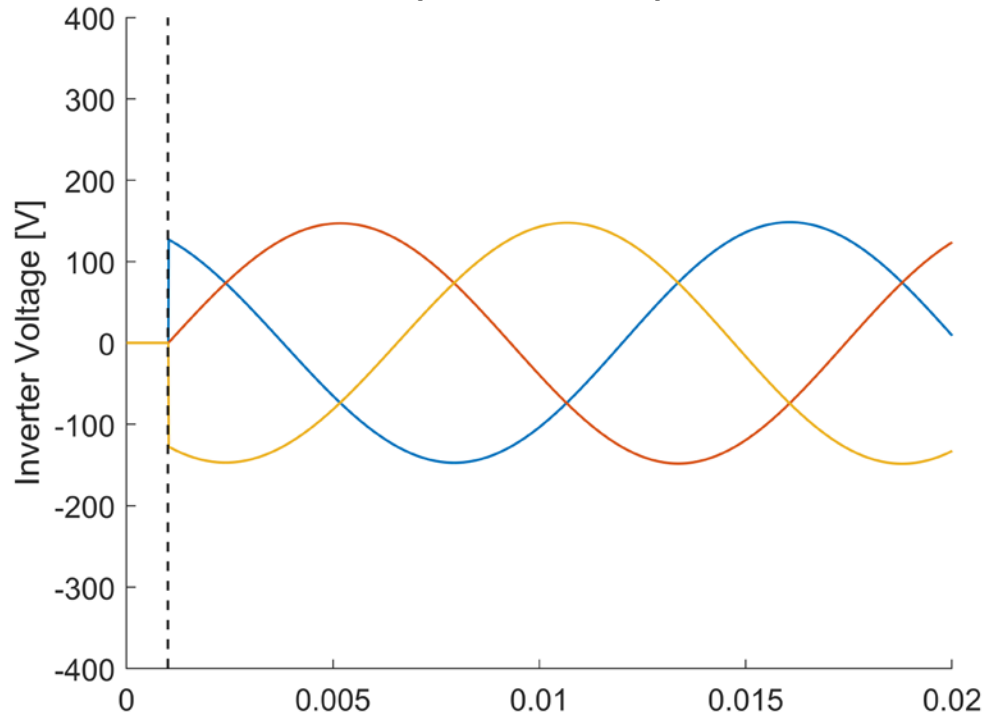


## Reconnection (Inverter)



# Simulation Results – Voltages (Cont.)

## Blackstart (Inverter)



# Simulation Results – Frequency (Inverter)

Initialization, Islanding, Reconnection  
(Inverter)

