

Synthetic, Realistic Transmission and Distribution Co-Simulation for Voltage Control Benchmarking

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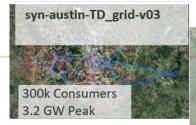
Based on: NREL/CP-5D00-78598

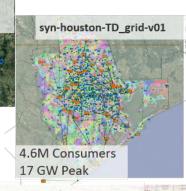
Syn-TX Overview

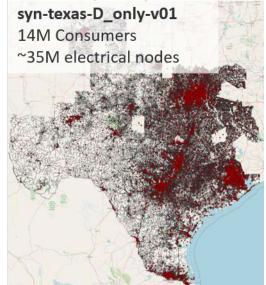
SMART-DS: Synthetic Models for Advanced, Realistic Testing: Distribution Systems and Scenarios

- Realistic, but not real
- Region-Scale

Co-simulation useful for handling large regions









Contents

- **Co-Simulation Background**
- **Need for Realistic Simulation**
- **Simulation Setup**
- **Austin Test Case**
- **Results**
- **Conclusion**

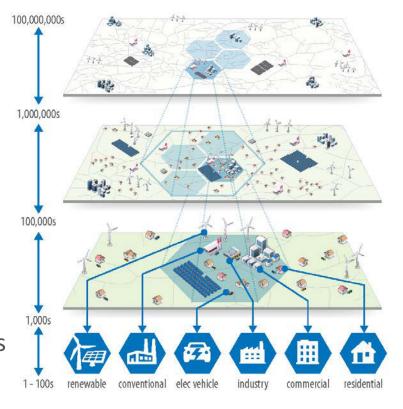
Co-Simulation Background

Transmission and Distribution Needs

- Higher levels of distributed resources
- Computational advancement

Co-Simulation Frameworks

- Use existing models
- Allow communication between models at each timestep
- Creates space for additional controls



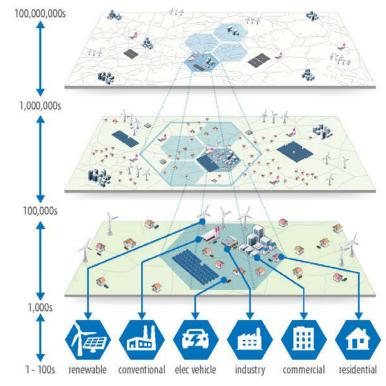
Need for Realistic Simulation

SMART-DS T&D Co-simulation

- Representative
- Repeatable
- At-scale

Many Past Co-Simulation Works

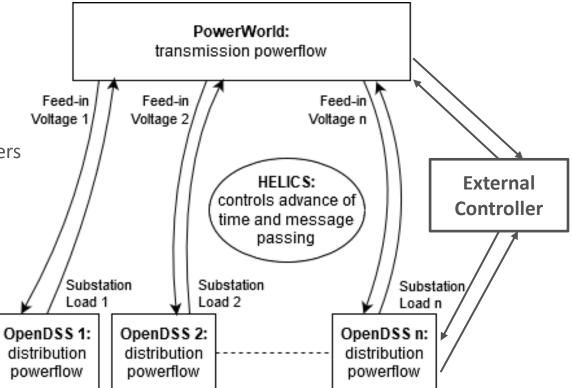
- Use of IEEE Bus models [Huang, Krishnamoorthy]
 - Replicable, but not realistic, scale-up troubles
- Use of models of Real Feeders [Krishnan, Jain]
 - Realistic, but not replicable, not at scale
- Loosely tied [Balasubramaniam, Sadnan]
 - Faster simulation, but convergence not guaranteed



Simulation Setup

Co-Simulation Features

- Message passing
- Time advancement
 - Facilitates co-iteration
- Easier integration with controllers



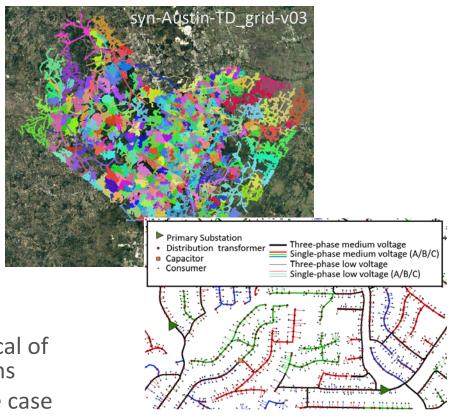
Austin Test Case

Travis County

- 5th largest county in Texas
- 1.274 million people

Synthetic Grid

- 137 transmission buses
 - 230 kV and 69 kV
- 39 transmission level generators
- 128 substation connections to distribution system
- A few loads are higher than typical of region to incite voltage excursions
- Solar and storage overlay for use case exists

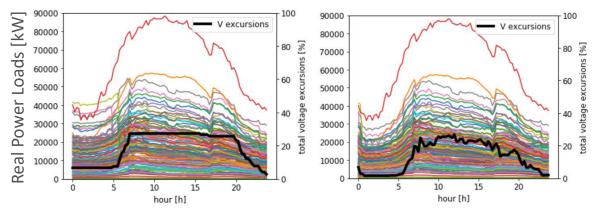


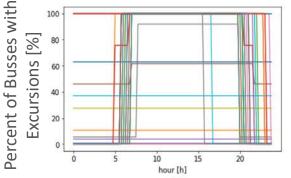
Results

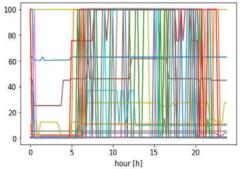
Tightly Coupled T&D Co-Simulation reduces number of modeled voltage excursions 29% as compared with nominal feed-in voltage simulation.

- Excursions reduced during morning
- Voltage is near excursion threshold during mid-day peak for tightly-coupled sim

Nominal Feed-in Voltage vs. Tightly Coupled T&D







Conclusion

Nominal feed-in voltage may not be sufficient for evaluating voltage excursions on distribution systems.

Tightly coupled T&D co-simulation of realistic, but not real power system models should be used to benchmark controls.

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Thank You

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