



### Wind Turbine Drivetrain Reliability Assessment and Remaining Useful Life Prediction

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## Outline

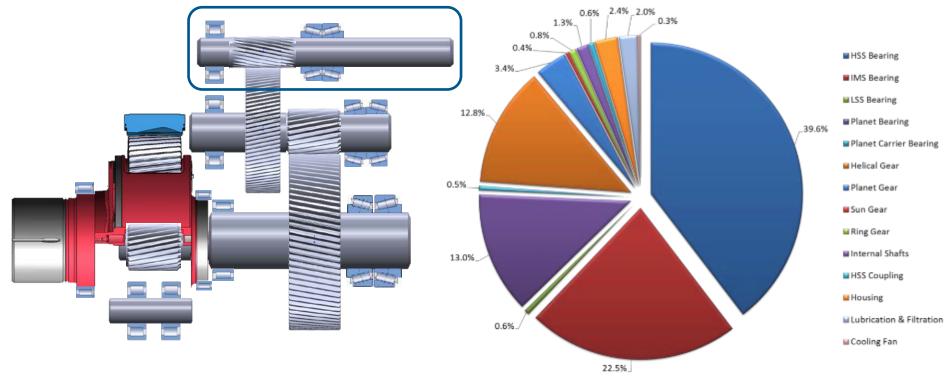
- Background and Objectives
- Testing Site and Data
- Methodology
- Results
- Summary



- High operations and maintenance cost for wind energy, an even bigger challenge for offshore
- Accurate remaining useful life (RUL) prediction and understanding of operations and design effects on component failures essential [1]
- Top failure mode in megawatt-scale gearboxes, i.e., bearing axial cracking, not accounted for in design life
- NREL developed a physics-based methodology for gearbox reliability assessment and prediction [2]

#### **Project Objectives**

- Validate the developed NREL technology [2]
- Apply the methodology to a commercial wind plant



High-Speed Stage Bearing Failures (39.6%)

## **Testing Site and Data**

- 10 turbines commercially operated for 10 years
- SCADA time series, event log, design drawings, failure records, and lubricant properties
- Tapered roller bearings (TRB) failed by axial cracking

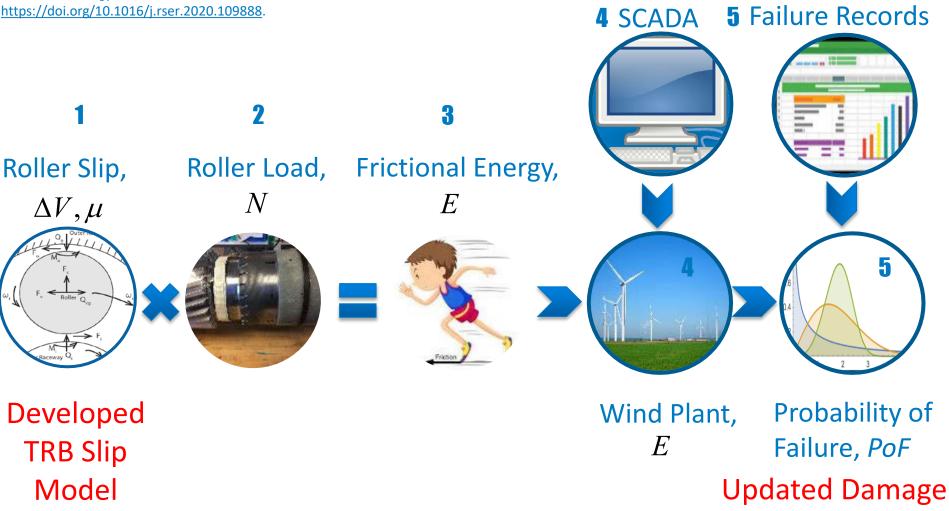
   New roller slip model for the
  - TRBs needed



Photo by Dennis Schroeder, NREL 50712

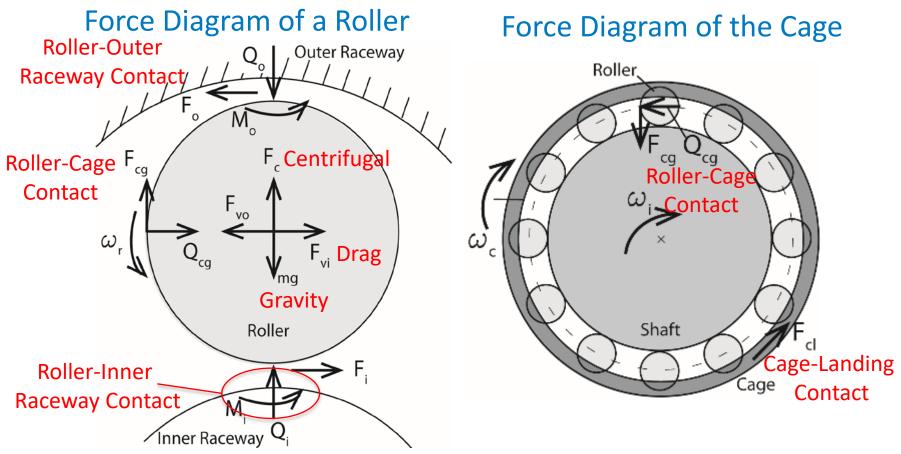
## Methodology: Major Steps [2]

Guo, Yi, et al. 2020. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews* 127: 109888. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.rser.2020.109888</u>.



**Threshold** 

# Methodology #1: Roller Slip Modeling [3]



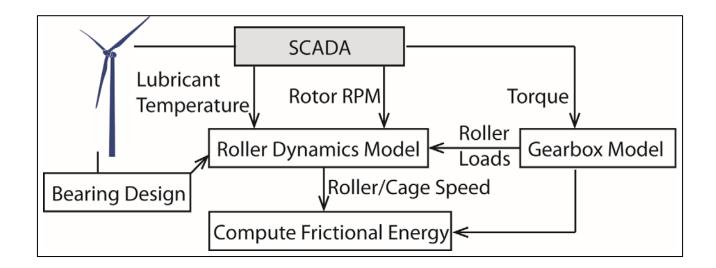
- Quasi-static slip model considers:
  - Contact between roller-raceway, roller-cage, and cage-landing
  - Bearing-lubricant interactions
  - Axial load, gravity, centrifugal forces, and gyroscopic moments

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## Slip Model Results: Roller Speed and Loads

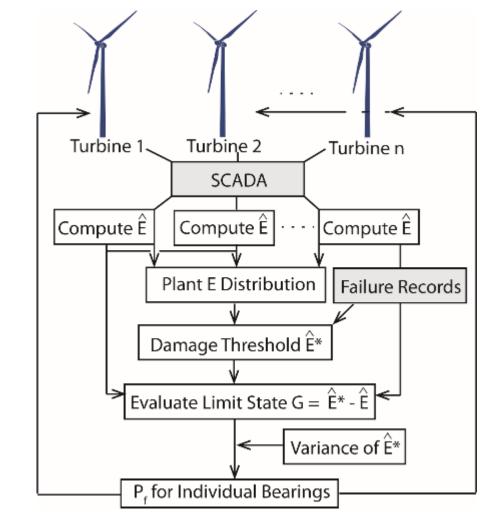


## Methodology #4: Plant Frictional Energy [2]



#### Calculate frictional energy of individual bearings

## Methodology #5: Probability of Failure [2]

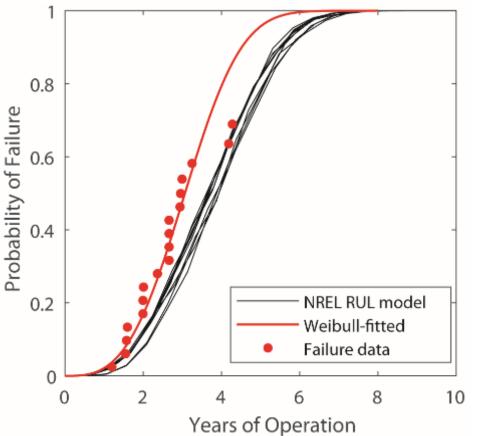


Calculate the probability of failure  $(P_f)$  of individual bearings

Guo, Yi, et al. 2020. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews* 127: 109888. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.rser.2020.109888</u>.

## **Remaining Useful Life Comparison**

- Failure data
  - Multiple failures at most turbines
- Results match actual failures
  - Transient events not considered
- Pof different for each turbine
  - o Identify high-risk turbines
  - $\circ$   $\,$  Operators can act proactively
- Evaluates impact of lubricant or bearing design on service life



## Summary

- Parameter-based methodology enables assessment and prognosis of individual parts in each turbine
- Good agreements between predicted PoF and actual failures
- It evaluates the impact of lubricant or bearing design on bearing service life
- New TRB slip model extended NREL's bearing reliability assessment methodology for CRBs to TRBs
- New failure modes can be incorporated and validated through joint partnerships
- Future work
  - Expand to other components
  - Evaluate system performance and reliability



### References

- Sheng, Shuangwen, and Yi Guo. 2019. "A Prognostics and Health Management Framework for Wind." GT2019-91533. Proceedings of ASME Turbo Expo 2019: Turbomachinery Technical Conference and Exposition. Phoenix, AZ. New York: American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME). <u>https://doi.org/10.1115/GT2019-91533</u>.
- Guo, Yi, Shuangwen Sheng, Caleb Phillips, Jonathan Keller, Paul Veers, and Lindy Williams. 2020. "A methodology for reliability assessment and prognosis of bearing axial cracking in wind turbine gearboxes." *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews* 127: 109888. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.rser.2020.109888</u>.
- Guo, Yi, and Jonathan Keller. 2020. "Validation of combined analytical methods to predict slip in cylindrical roller bearings." *Tribology International* 148: 106347. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.triboint.2020.106347.



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