Transforming ENERGY

ACCELERATOR LABORATORY A Reproducible Validation of Algorithms for Estimating Array Tilt and Azimuth from Photovoltaic Power Time Series

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Background

- Average 33% annual growth in solar industry [1]
- Solar metadata lost during acquisitions
 - Leading residential installer: 500,000 systems
- Metadata: tilt, azimuth, mounting configuration, etc
- Manual entry **OR** costly site inspections
- Why is having accurate metadata important?
 - Expected energy yield and degradation rates



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Motivations

- Several time series algorithms exist to estimate the azimuth and tilt of a PV system [1,2,3]
- A lot of existing research but it's disjointed
 - Difficult to replicate results
 - No standardized data sets, process, or results
- Benchmark 4 algorithms in Python open-source packages
 - Solar-Data-Tools: <u>https://github.com/slacgismo/solar-data-tools</u>
 - PVAnalytics: https://github.com/pvlib/pvanalytics

[1] Saint-Drenan et al, "An empirical approach to parameterizing photovoltaic plants for power forecasting and simulation," Solar Energy, 2015.
 [2] N. Haghdadi et al, "A method to estimate the location and orientation of distributed photovoltaic systems from their generation output data," Renewable Energy, 2017.
 [3] A. Londono-Hurtado et al, "Estimation of photovoltaic system location and orientation from power signals," PVSC 2021

Methods

- Solar-Data-Tools (SDT): Signal decomposition framework [1,2]. Needs measured PV power signal but not lat-long coordinates. 2 variations
- PVAnalytics: 2 algorithms, require lat-long coordinates and measured PV power signal
 - PVWatts 5-based method: Compares measured power to PVWatts simulated power at varying az/tilt
 - PV-Peak method: Compares daily peak irradiance point (quadratic) to simulated clearsky POA peak irradiance at varying az/tilt

[1] A. Londono-Hurtado et al, "Estimation of photovoltaic system location and orientation from power signals," PVSC 2021[2] B. Meyers, "PVInsight final technical report," Sep 2021.

Methods Continued

- Validation data set
 - 275 AC power inverter data streams
 - 44 fixed-tilt PV systems
 - Wide geographic distribution
 - Validated using Google Earth
 - Data stream issues: clipping, shading
- Standardized test runner for executing algorithms
 - Same computer for consistency



Map of PV systems used in the validation data set.

Average GHI [kWh/m²/day]

Results

- Median absolute error: predicted vs actual tilt and azimuth
- PVWatts-based and SDT (unknown lat-long) top performers
- SDT algorithm fastest by a factor ~5x
 - PVWatts-based method requires pulling NSRDB PSM3 data

Algorithm	Median Azimuth Error (degrees)	Median Tilt Error (degrees)	Median Run Time (seconds)
SDT (lat-long known)	10.12	6.24	6.02
SDT (lat-long unknown)	4.94	1.66	8.64
PVAnalytics PVWatts-5	5.19	1.21	30.87
PVAnalytics PV-Peak	8	7.51	25.66



Case Study: Clipping

- System with heavy inverter clipping
- Azimuth/tilt error below
- Most algorithms relatively robust to clipping
 - Clipped data periods removed in pre-processing
 - PV-Peak: high tilt error

Normalized Power			
20	$15.0^{1}.20^{1}.5.0^{3}.0^{5}.0^{5}.0^{1}.20^{1}.20^{1}.20^{1}.20^{1}.20^{1}.20^{1}.20^{1}.$ Date	5-09 5-11 2016.0	<u>٦</u> ٢

AC power signal of heavily
clipped system

Algorithm	Azimuth Absolute Error (degrees)	Tilt Absolute Error (degrees)
SDT (lat-long known)	5.32	9.49
SDT (lat-long unknown)	4.57	2.52
PVAnalytics PVWatts	7.33	2.08
PVAnalytics PV-Peak	0	23

Case Study: Shading

- Heavily shaded system
 - Located on side of parking garage on NREL campus
 - High tilt: 60 degrees
- All algorithms robust at estimating azimuth (low error)
- High tilt error for PVWatts model (~22 degrees)
- Higher tilt error for most algos compared to median

Algorithm	Azimuth Absolute Error (degrees)	Tilt Absolute Error (degrees)
SDT (lat-long known)	0.88	7.99
SDT (lat-long unknown)	0.45	5.72
PVAnalytics PVWatts-5	0.41	22.44
PVAnalytics PV-Peak	0	5



PV power heatmap for an inverter stream in heavily shaded system

Integration into PV Validation Hub

- How does this research play into the bigger picture?
- Analysis and data sets incorporated into the PV Validation Hub
 - Website for validating PV analytics algorithms
 - Degradation, soiling, time shift estimation, etc.
 - Well-curated validation data sets and procedures
 - Side-by-side comparison of different algorithms
 - Public leaderboards and documentation
 - Expected public launch date: end of 2023



Research	
SLAC research explores nature on all scales, from the unseen realms of fundamental participe and unballegable fast processes to	
astrophysical phenomena of cosmic dimensions. Our research opens	

nary function of the Hub will be for developers to submit code which will run on hosted data sets.

PVHub Analyses Datasets Dashboar

Our Story rator that would take particle physics to new heights. Today

Take PV Validation Hub survey here:



PV Validation Hub main web page

Thank you!

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