

Federated <u>Architecture</u> for Secure and Transactive Distributed Energy Resource Management Solutions (FAST-DERMS)

Annabelle Pratt, Chief Engineer, NREL (PI) Jason MacDonald, Principal Scientific Engineering Associate, LBNL (PI+1)

December 12, 2024. For ADMS Test Bed and FAST-DERMS Workshop



Supported by the Department of Energy under the Grid Modernization Laboratory Consortium

Objectives:

- Develop and demonstrate a control architecture for heterogeneous distributed energy resources (DER) to provide grid services to the bulk power system at scale and support aggregation and transactive management.
- Enable DER contribution to bulk services at scale by simplifying transmission and distribution (T&D) interaction and increasing reliability of aggregated resource response.
- Three key project activities:
 - Architecture development
 - Reference controls development
 - Laboratory demonstration

Project Team

PI: Annabelle Pratt, Chief Engineer, NREL

Co-PI: Jason MacDonald, Principal Scientific Engineering Associate, LBNL

National Laboratories:

- National Renewable Energy Laboratory
- Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory
- Pacific Northwest National Laboratory
- Oak Ridge National Laboratory

Universities:

- Iowa State University
- University of North Carolina Charlotte

Utilities:

- San Diego Gas and Electric (SDG&E)
- Southern Company
- ComEd An Exelon Company
- New York Power Authority (NYPA)

Industry Partners:

- Electric Power Research Institute (EPRI)
- Oracle
- GridBright, Inc

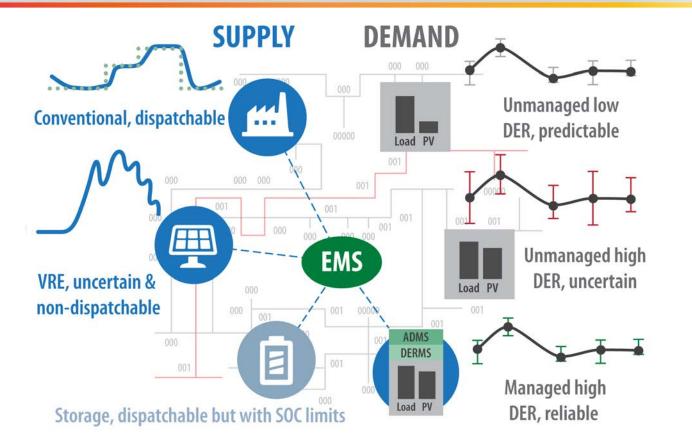


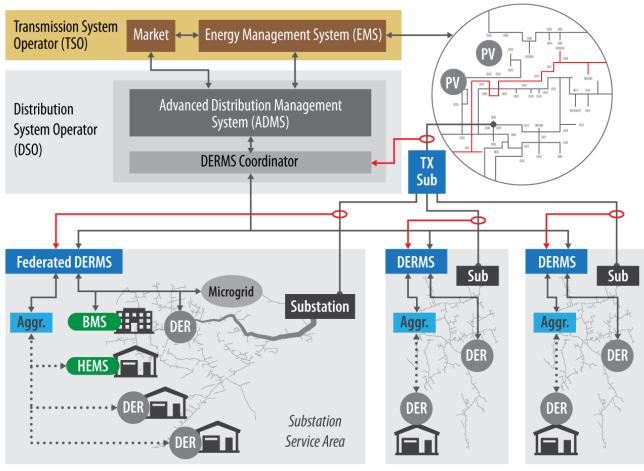
Architecture Development

Annabelle Pratt

The Big Picture



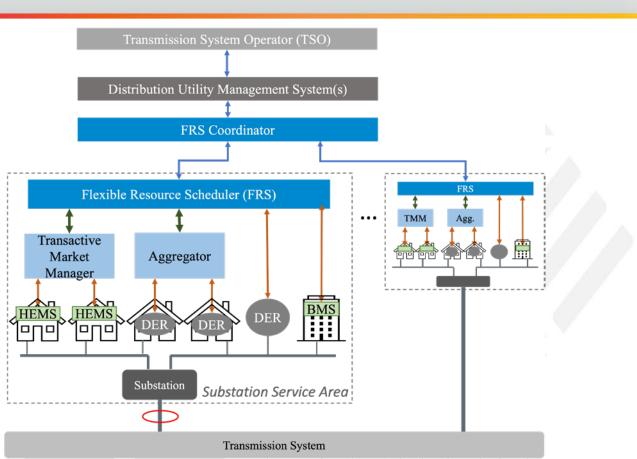




BMS = Building Management System HEMS = Home Energy Management System Sub = Substation Aggr. = Aggregator

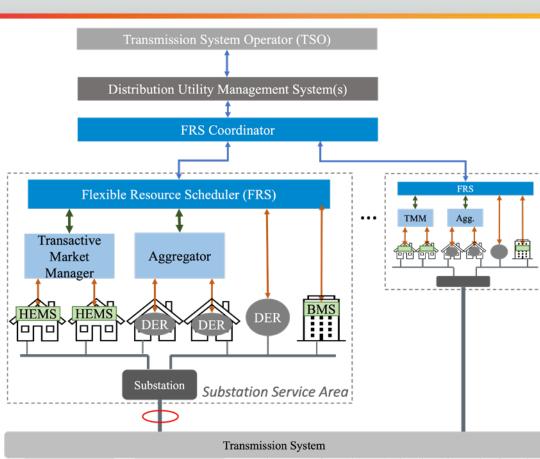
Federated Architecture for Secure and Transactive Distributed Energy

Resource Management Solutions (FAST-DERMS)





FAST-DERMS Architectural Features



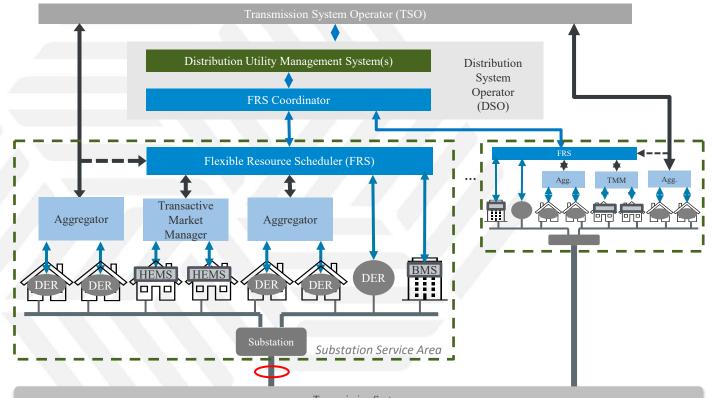
- **Simplify T&D interaction** by defining and measuring transmission services provided at the distribution substation.
- Demonstrate **distributed intelligence** by managing aggregations at the distribution substation through our Flexible Resource Scheduler (FRS).
- Perform **network-aware optimization** to maintain distribution health while simultaneously providing bulk service.
- Employ "**Total DSO**" **architecture** model such that the DSO represents the aggregated resource response in the bulk transmission system.

Architectures for Future Grid Interaction ABORATO CONSORTIUM U.S. Department of Energy Total DSO **Total TSO** Hybrid Transmission Transmission Transmission System Operator 6..... System Operator System Operator (BA, ISO, RTO) (BA, ISO, RTO) Transmission Transmission Transmission Distribution Distribution **Distribution System** Distribution Operator Distribution Distribution Operator **DER Aggregator DER Aggregator** Operator **DR** Programs **DER Aggregator DR** Programs **DR** Programs

Source: Paul De Martini, "T-D Operational Coordination", Newport Consulting, December 9, 2020 (Presentation to National Council on Electricity Policy)

FAST-DERMS Extension to Hybrid Architecture





FAST-DERMS Project



- Three key project activities:
 - Architecture development
 - Reference controls development
 - Laboratory demonstration
- Architecture:
 - Developed and published System Architecture and Reference Implementation (Jan 2022)
 - Defines system-level principles and objectives, concepts, specifications for FAST-DERMS
 - https://www.nrel.gov/docs/fy22osti/81566.pdf

Federated Architecture for Secure and Transactive Distributed Energy Resource Management Solutions (FAST-DERMS)

System Architecture and Reference Implementation

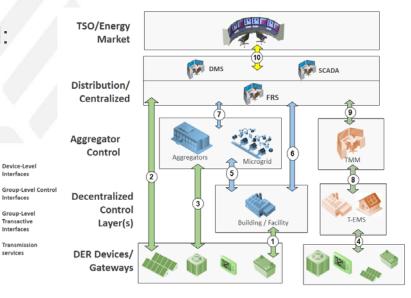
January 2022

Fei Ding Weijia Liu Jason MacDonald James Ogle Annabelle Pratt Avijit Saha Joe Hagerman Murali Baggu

FAST-DERMS Progress: Architecture

GRID MODERNIZATION LABORATORY U.S. Department of Energy

- Architecture:
 - PNNL Grid Architecture team developed and published a companion document
 - "Grid Architecture Guidance Specification for FAST-DERMS" (April 2021)
 - https://gridarchitecture.pnnl.gov/media/Grid_Arch_Guidance_for_FAST%20DERMS.pdf
- Communications architecture, led by EPRI:
 - Complex communication landscape
 - Extends across multiple layers
 - Standards-based
 - Interoperable



Summary and Takeaways



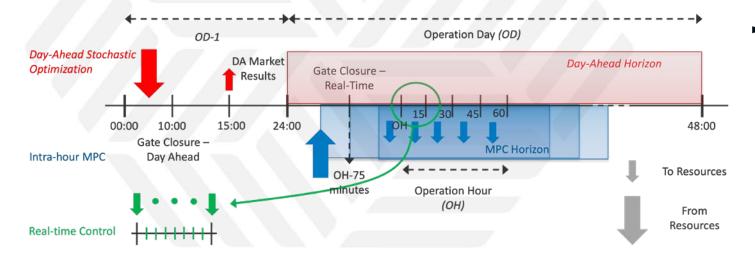
- We need DER—including BTM DER—to contribute to grid services to ensure reliable grid operations.
- BTM DER need to be aggregated to participate meaningfully.
- Need a scalable solution that can aggregate small resources that are not under direct control of distribution system operators into a reliable service provider.
- FAST-DERMS addresses this need through a federated architecture approach.
- We are developing a reference controls solution and will demonstrate it in a realistic laboratory environment on a real utility feeder.
- Reference controls will be made available open-source at the end of the project.

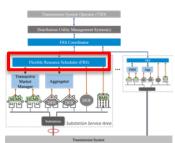
Reference controls development

Jason MacDonald

Controllers: Flexible Resource Scheduler

- Temporal hierarchy of coordination and control via the FRS:
 - Day-ahead stochastic optimization for wholesale market bidding
 - Intra-hour model predictive control for DER management and response allocation
 - **Real-time PID control** for dispatch error correction.





 Simultaneous distribution management & transmission service provision



Controllers: FRS Day Ahead Optim.

- Network-aware, Scenario-based Stochastic Optimization determines <u>substation power and reserve</u> offers consistent across most any possible uncertainty scenario, at <u>minimum total cost</u>.
 - Thousands of random variables makes scenario selection critical.

```
\min_{u(t)} E[\text{Total Cost}]
```

```
subject to: \forall d \in N_{scenarios}
```

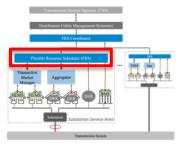
[DER Power (P & Q) and Energy Constraints]_d [Linearized AC Power Flow]_d

[Power System Constraints (Voltage and Thermal)] $_d$

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[Constant Substation Energy and Reserve Offers]_d
```

[Minimum distribution system cost recovery]_d

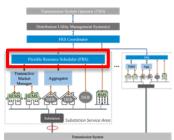
 Decision variables: power and reserve schedules for DER and aggregators, and price fore transactive market managers.





Controllers: FRS Intra-Day MPC

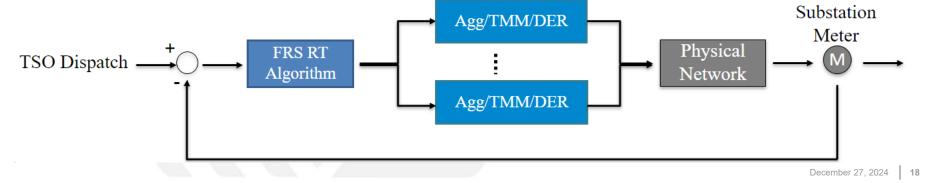
- Rolling horizon, deterministic optimization that chooses DER power setpoints and reserve allocations to minimize the deviation between substation power and available TSO reserves with the Day Ahead market awards.
 - 15-minute granularity, 4-hour rolling horizon
 - Requires communication of state of charge from DER/Aggregators.
 - Constraint structure remains the same as the Day Ahead.
 - A distribution operating reserve requirement calculated based on the uncertainty in the forecasts is added to the TSO market reserves.

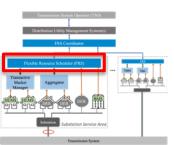




Controllers: Real-Time Controller

- Simple Proportional-Integral-Derivative (PID) controller drives the error between the substation power and ISO dispatch to zero.
 - <u>Simplicity is key</u>: FRS provides one-way communications in real time to DERs and aggregations, no telemetry required.
 - Dispatch signal disaggregated <u>every 1-minute</u> according to reserve allocations from the MPC.







Controllers: Battery Aggregator

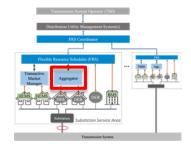
- Merges batteries into a single virtual battery model
 - Linearizes models before aggregating
 - Virtual battery capacity = sum of capacities
 - SOC and efficiency uses a weighted average

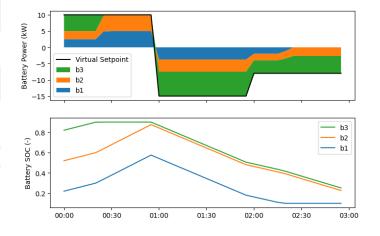
$$P_i = P_i^+ - P_i^-$$

$$SOC_i(k+1) = SOC_i(k) + \frac{\eta^+ \Delta t}{E_i} P_i^+ - \frac{\Delta t}{\eta^- E_i} P_i^-$$

Aggregator Objective:

 Distribute virtual battery power setpoint equally to individual batteries based on battery capacity

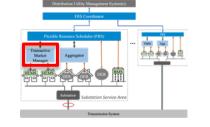


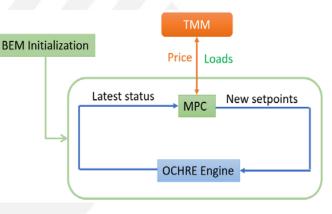




Controllers: Transactive Market Manager

- ORNL's TMM design is both an aggregator and a collection of Transactive Home Energy Managers (T.HEMs) based on Model Predictive Control
 - TMM recieves price forecast / signals from FRS and passes to house-level MPCs
 - MPCs determine optimal control actions and compose house level bids / compute house level control actions to send to OCHRE house models.
 - TMM aggregates bids for FRS optimization.



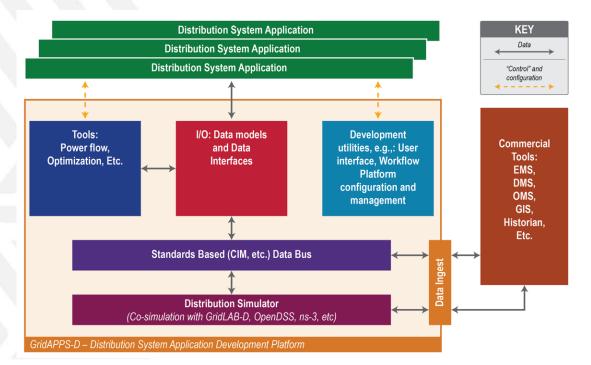




Platform: GridAPPS-D

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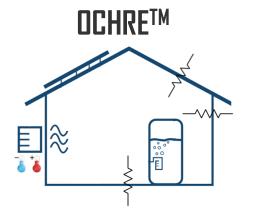
- Overview:
 - An open-source platform for advanced distribution management system (ADMS) application development
 - Built-in distribution simulator, cosimulation, and common services for developers and applications
 - Can integrate with external software systems using standard communications (e.g., IEEE Std. 2030.5, DNP3).
- FAST-DERMS leverages data bus, simulation, co-simulation, and communication interfaces.



Co-Simulation: OCHRE



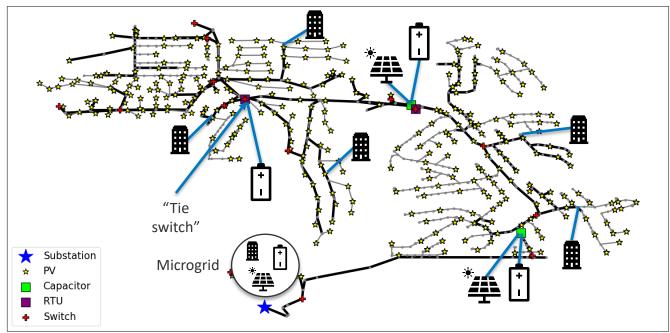
- ► OCHRE™:
 - Object-Oriented Controllable High-Resolution Residential Energy Model (open source)
 - Residential building simulation suitable for cosimulation with power systems
 - Implementation on high-performance computing for many homes.
 - <u>https://ochre-docs-final.readthedocs.io/en/latest/</u>.



Modified SDG&E feeder

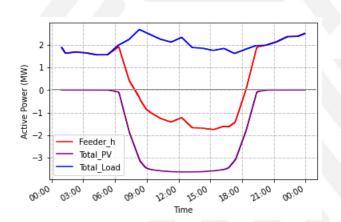


- Model augmented with Utility Scale PV and Batteries, responsive commercial buildings, Current modeling PV and Batteries
- Replace some load with 100 homes modeled in OCHRE, and responsive to either battery aggregator or TMM



Simulation Results: Battery Aggregator + PV

Day-Ahead Results



Southern Company feeder: light load and high PV day baseline:

> Lorem Ipsum Added utilityscale battery systems to model to address reverse power flow.

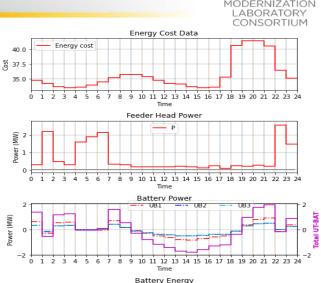
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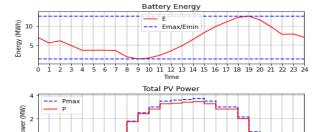
ower (MW

0 1 2 3 4

Day-ahead FRS stochastic optimization:

- Objective is to minimize cost, subject to network constraints
- No reverse power flow allowed (per use case)
- Performs energy arbitrage using battery
- Limited PV curtailment.



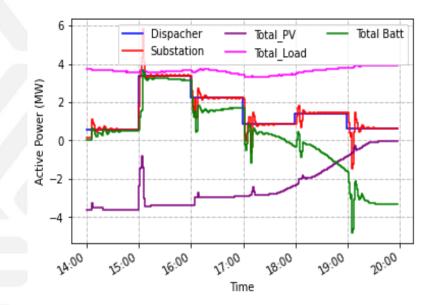


Time

10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 2

Simulation Results: Battery Aggregator + PV

- Real-Time Results
- Model predictive control:
 - Operates over 4-hour horizon
 - Updated every 15 minutes.
- Real-time control:
 - PID controller
 - Time step of 1 minute.
- Continuing work to reduce overshoot.

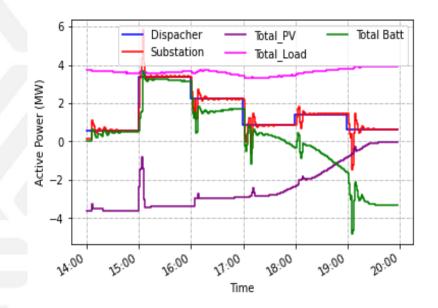






Simulation Results: ADMS Integration

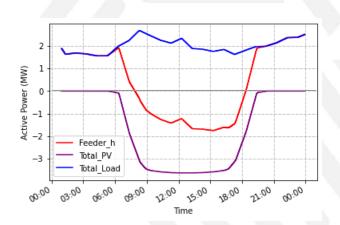
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Simulation Results: ADMS Integration

Day-Ahead Results

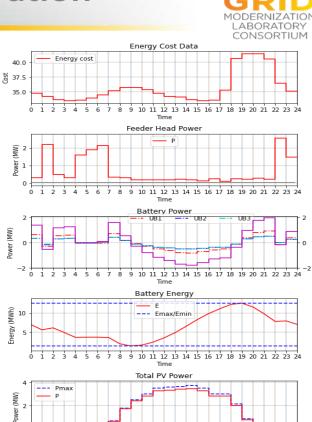


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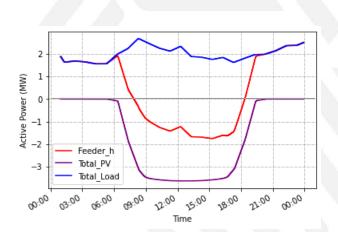
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 2

0 1 2 3 4

Simulation Results: TMM



• Day-Ahead Results

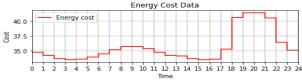


 Southern Company feeder: light load and high PV day baseline:

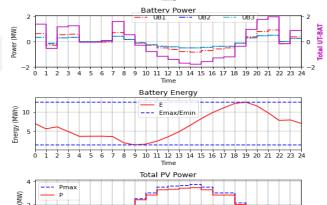
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Time

10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 2

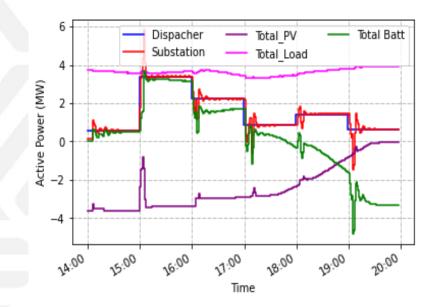
0 1 2 3 4 5

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Simulation Results: TMM

- Real-Time Results
- Model predictive control:
 - Operates over 4-hour horizon
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- Real-time control:
 - PID controller
 - Time step of 1 minute.
- Continuing work to reduce overshoot.



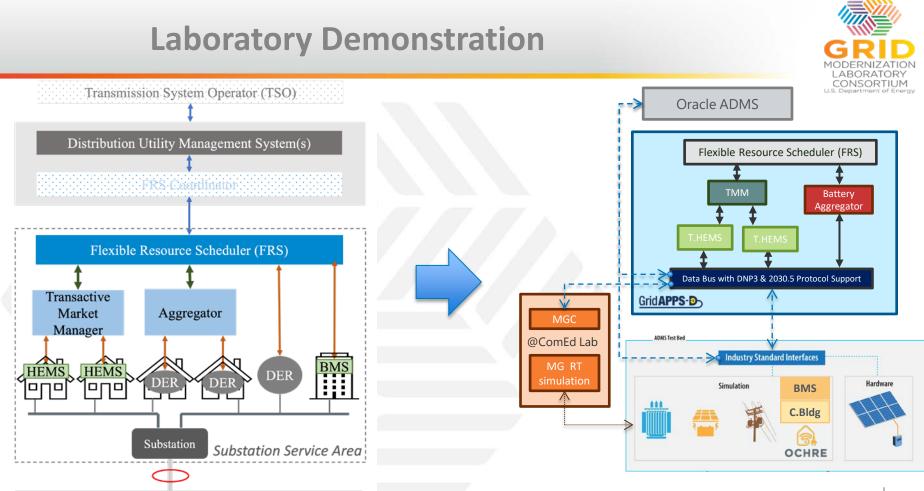
Laboratory Demonstration

Annabelle Pratt



Laboratory Demonstration Features

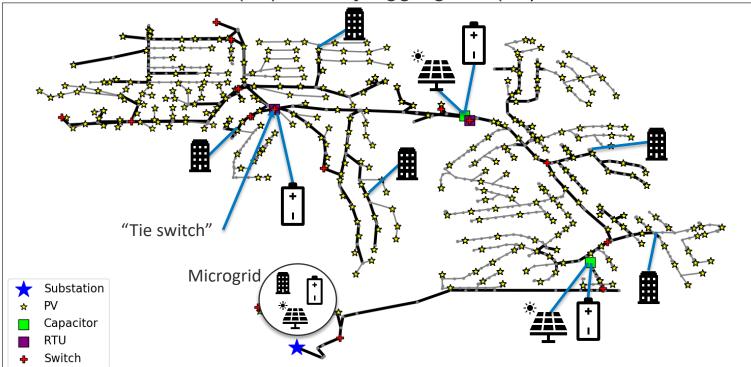
- Real-time simulation
- Interface with commercial controllers
- Industry-standard communications protocols



Transmission System

Modified SDG&E feeder

- Replace some load with 100 homes modeled with OCHRE; respond to
 - Transactive market (40), battery aggregator (60)

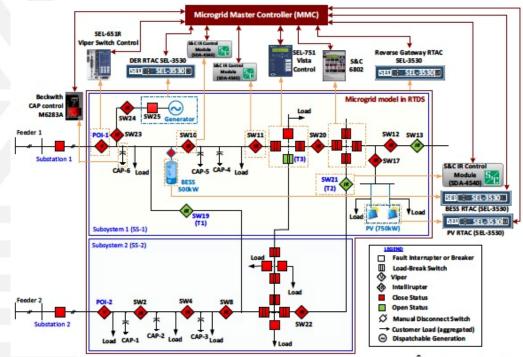


Microgrid Modeling and Control



BCM Model and MMC Testbed

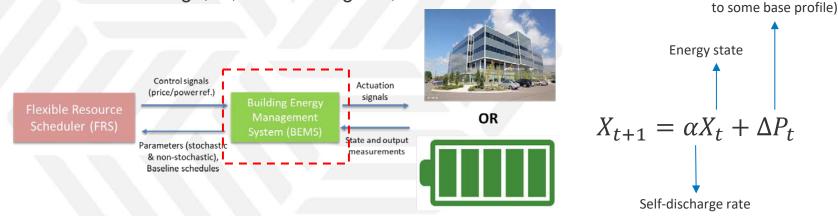
- Two feeders
- ► Two POI switches—POI-1, POI-2
- ► Three Tie Switches– T1, T2, and T3
- All DERs located in Subsystem-1
- Dynamics of microgrid modeled in RTDS
- Selected intelligent electronic devices (IEDs) communicate with RTDS and MMC
- Reverse gateway (RGW) RTAC receives data from RTDS and parses such that MMC sees it coming from individual RTUs.



R. Sharma *et al.*, "Design, Integration, Testing and Lessons Learned of a Utility Operated Microgrid Master Controller," *2022 IEEE Power & Energy Society General Meeting (PESGM)*, Denver, CO, USA, 2022, pp. 1-5, doi: 10.1109/PESGM48719.2022.9917101.

Commercial Building Modeling and Control

- Represent a building with a single equivalent battery model (EBM)
 - Enables modeling consistency
 - Reduces number of operational parameters shared with FRS
 - o Capture uncertainties associated with the building's flexible resources
 - o 3 building types: small office building, medium office building and warehouse
 - o 2 climates: Chicago, IL, and Los Angeles, CA



Abbas, A., Ariwoola, R., Chowdhury, B., Kamalasadan, S. and Lin, Y., 2022, October. Evaluation of Equivalent Battery Model Representations for Thermostatically Controlled Loads in Commercial Buildings. In 2022 IEEE Industry Applications Society Annual Meeting (IAS) (pp. 1-6).



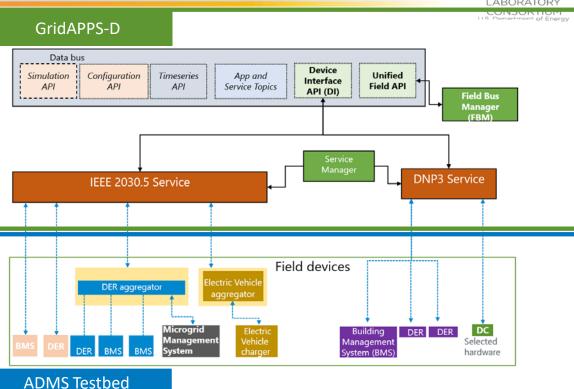
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Power input (relative

Enhancing GridAPPS-D Communications

New capabilities added to GridAPPS-D for FAST-DERMS.

- Introduced a field device manager that supports service plug-ins to translate CIM API to different field protocols.
- Applications are now independent of field protocol.
- Enhanced DNP3 service to support master and outstation roles.
- Developed 2030.5 Server using field device manager plug-in architecture



A. Singh, V. R. Motakatla, C. H. Allwardt, H. Padullaparti, I. Mendoza and P. Sharma, "A Framework to Demonstrate a DNP3 Interface With a CIM-based Data Integration Platform," 2024 IEEE Power & Energy Society General Meeting (PESGM), Seattle, WA, USA, 2024.



36

December 27, 2024

FAST-DERMS Interoperability with IEEE 2030.5



- Utility partner, SDG&E, requested IEEE 2030.5 be used as one of the protocols for coordination between the utility and DER devices
 - IEEE 2030.5 is one of three allowable communication protocols for CA Rule 21
 - IEEE 2030.5 is a modern, client-server, IOT protocol,
 - Broad function set: discovery, polling and pub/sub, security, smart grid functions, e.g., demand response
- Developed both a 2030.5 client and server
 - Server runs on GridAPPS-D (utility side); clients run on ADMS Test Bed (device side)
 - Both client and server will be made publicly available
 - https://github.com/GRIDAPPSD/gridappsd-2030_5
 - Client and server developed independently, compliance tested with commercial test set, then
 integrated
 - Learned that developing interoperable software interface even with a released standard is challenging.

Next Steps

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- Document and release open-source reference controls
- Complete Laboratory Setup
- Execute Evaluation Plan
- Disseminate results through papers and presentations
- Publish hybrid-DSO architecture addendum
- Demonstrate hybrid architecture with commercial VPP
- Continue to pursue opportunities to demonstrate architecture and controls



Thank you.

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Jason MacDonald (jsmacdonald@lbl.gov)

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Developed under this project



- Federated Architecture for Secure and Transactive Distributed Energy Resource Management Solutions (FAST-DERMS), April 2022
 - https://www.nrel.gov/docs/fy22osti/81566.pdf
- Grid Architecture Guidance Specification for FAST-DERMS, January 2022
 - https://gridarchitecture.pnnl.gov/media/Grid Arch Guidance for FAST%20DERMS.pdf
- J. S. MacDonald, M. Baudette, V. R. Motakatla and Y. Lin, "An Introduction to the Federated Architecture for Secure and Transactive Distributed Energy Management Solutions (FAST-DERMS)," 2024 Annual Conference of the IEEE Industrial Electronics Society (IECON), Chicago, IL, Oct 2024
- Y. Lin, V. Motakatla, A. Pratt, J. MacDonald, M. Baudette, A. Ingram, "Federated Controls for Distributed Energy Resource Management Applied to a Feeder with High Solar Generation and Battery Storage", accepted to *IEEE PES Grid Edge Technologies Conference & Exposition*, 2025.
- Abbas, A., Ariwoola, R., Chowdhury, B., Kamalasadan, S. and Lin, Y., 2022, October. Evaluation of Equivalent Battery Model Representations for Thermostatically Controlled Loads in Commercial Buildings. In 2022 IEEE Industry Applications Society Annual Meeting (IAS) (pp. 1-6). IEEE.
- Y. Yao, F. Ding, and W. Liu, "A Hybrid Data-Driven and Model-Based Anomaly Detection Scheme for DER Operation", 2022 IEEE PES Innovative Smart Grid Technologies (ISGT-NA), Feb 2022.